

BASEBALL LEADERS URGE SHOW-DOWN IN LATEST SCANDAL

COMISKEY CALLS FOR FULL PROBE OF ALL CHARGES

Players Accused by Black Sox Shortstop Will Confront Him Wednesday Before Judge Landis.

CHICAGO OWNER HOTLY INDIGNANT

Charge That Labor Day Series in 1917 Was Bought From Tigers Is Resented.

BY MAURICE MERMEY,
United News Staff Correspondent.

Chicago, January 2.—Armed with explanations which he hopes will scotch the latest baseball scandal, big league ball players, managers and an umpire have notified Judge Kenesaw Mountain Landis that they will be with him Wednesday, ready to refute the charges of a certain crooked deal—now 10 years old—brought by an outcast, "Swede" Risberg.

No sooner had the accusations of the former Chicago shortstop, relating to an alleged "fix" series between the White Sox and Detroit in 1917, been broadcast, than those Risberg accused began to communicate with baseball's high commissioner.

Deny Risberg's Story

When the matter is aired on Wednesday, Eddie Collins, Clarence Rowland, Ray Schalk, Donie Bush and others involved will swear that Risberg lied when he claimed that the White Sox, pennant winners of 1917, paid the Tigers \$100,000 to "throw" a four-game series early in September of that year.

The White Sox did take up a collection for the Tigers, but only in appreciation of Detroit's efforts in beating the Red Sox three out of four games, will be the claim of the baseball men involved.

Meanwhile Judge Kenesaw Mountain Landis, with characteristic tactfulness, refused to become panicky because of the new-born charges and awaited Wednesday when all players implicated by Risberg are expected to confront their accuser in the office of the high commissioner of baseball.

Comiskey Backs Players

Comiskey expressed confidence in the honesty of Ray Schalk, recently appointed manager of the White Sox; Eddie Collins, former manager of the team and one of the smartest players ever to grace a diamond; Clarence Rowland, American league umpire, who was manager of the Sox at the time of the alleged "throw" series, and others implicated by Risberg.

He urged that those brought under suspicion appear before Commissioner Landis Wednesday as requested.

"There was some talk at the time

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Tyrus Cobb Is Exonerated By Risberg and by Gandil

GEORGIAN AIDED BY NEW BASEBALL SCANDAL

Baseball's newest scandal bids fair to aid instead of injure the cause of Ty Cobb, famous "Georgia Peach," charged in the first expose with participation in a conspiracy to bet on a thrown game.

Here are the statements of the two accusers of Eddie Collins, Ray Schalk, Rowland, Bush and player.

Swede Risberg—"There never was a straighter or better baseball player than Cobb, or Speaker, either, to my way of thinking. So far as I know Cobb did not get one cent of the money collected by Chicago players for presentation to the Detroit Tigers." Chick Gandil—"I know that Ty Cobb did not receive any of our money and didn't even know that we had collected a purse for the other Detroit players. As long as this series is under investigation, I want to give Cobb the credit that is due him. Cobb is in trouble now about an entirely different series of games, and I don't want to see his name involved in this series as he had no hand in it."

Cobb's record in the four games between Detroit and Chicago, now under investigation, was perfect. He made one hit in the first game, two in the second, one in the third, two in the fourth. He stole two bases, scored two runs, made 12 putouts and one assist.

Chicago, January 2.—Three great international conferences are planned by the League of Nations as its contribution to world peace in 1927.

These will take the following form:

An economic conference on May 4.

An arms conference on July 4.

A conference late in September to arrange aid for nations stricken by disaster.

Economic Supremacy.

Struggles among the leading powers of the world for economic supremacy will cause economic problems to supplant those of a political nature in the determination of whether there shall be peace or war in the future, leaders of the league believe. They feel that the economic conference is of paramount importance, taking precedence in many ways over the disarmament conference which was discussed in preliminary meetings here during 1926.

At the May 4 meeting effort will be made to organize the world's economic peace. Many of those who have followed international affairs of the League of Nations believe that a struggle for economic life is in prospect for various small nations. They see national struggles for raw materials, for population outlets, for conquest of new markets, and finally for commercial supremacy.

An international basis for economic collaboration which will lessen, if not entirely end, these economic troubles that frequently lead to armed conflicts, is the goal of the May meeting.

Aid for Stricken Nations.

The second important league conference is called at the instigation of Italy. It will launch the league's new project for international union and mutual assistance for nations stricken by disasters. It is hoped to provide a sort of mutual insurance society among nations. Establishment of funds, personnel and material which could be rushed to a country swept by storm, fire or other disaster within a short time after the devastation had occurred, would make the league function in a manner not unlike that of the Red Cross. It is believed that thousands of lives and incalculable sums in property value might be saved by such organization.

Following the September session of the league assembly an international conference will be held under league auspices looking to control of private manufacture of war material. This will be similar to preparatory disarmament conferences held in 1926, in that it will look to attainment of a meeting to result in disarmament in all countries.

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WAVE OF WRATH TO ROCK SENATE IN SMITH CASE

Result of Battle Also Will Forecast Fate Awaiting Vane When His Time Comes.

\$458,000 SLUSH
CHIEF OBSTACLE

None Is Prepared To Question Validity of Illinois Man's Election in Big Test.

BY RAYMOND CLAPPER

Washington, January 2.—A large wave of moral indignation is on hand in the senate ready to be let loose when Col. Frank L. Smith of Illinois arrives probably this week to claim the seat to which he was appointed following the death of Senator McKinley.

But whether this will survive the parliamentary checks and the apathy of the more cynical remains to be seen. Smith's case will be a test forecasting the fate of Senator-elect William S. Vare, of Pennsylvania, who will knock for admission when the next congress assembles.

Smith comes here this time by appointment, due to the death of Senator McKinley a few weeks ago. He had defeated McKinley for renomination and had spent \$458,000 to do it. It had been planned to challenge him along with Vane when they arrived to take their seats in the regular course. But McKinley's death precipitated the issue.

The question is, so far as Smith is concerned, whether the senate shall accept one of its members a man who spent \$458,000 to obtain the nomination, a portion of this having been obtained from Samuel Insull, Illinois utility magnate who had rate cases before the Illinois Commerce Commission of which Smith was chairman at the time the contribution was made.

There is no question of the validity of Smith's election or of his appointment to fill out McKinley's unexpired term, nor of Vane's election. Senators opposing the seating of Smith and Vane say the constitution makes the senate the sole judge of the qualifications of its members. Defenders of Smith and Vane say this applies only to legal qualifications. The opposition says it applies to moral fitness or any other question, that the senate can throw out a man because it doesn't like him.

Need a Landis

It would simplify matters if the senate had a Judge Landis to handle its scandals. When 95 senators have to be elected to the senate, the 95th there are 95 to be elected. Senate rules permit many constructions. Nobody knows just what will happen because the senate will have to make its rules as it goes along. It is uncertain whether Smith can be elected by a majority vote or whether two-thirds must be obtained. There is also the possibility of a legal suit if the vote goes against Smith.

Senator Norris, Nebraska republican and chairman of the senate judiciary committee, issued a statement urging that Smith be kept out of the senate.

"The moral conscience of the nation was deeply shocked when it learned that there had been a scandal in the Illinois and Pennsylvania primaries several million of dollars in an effort to obtain nomination for the senate," Norris said. "In Pennsylvania more than three million dollars was expended by the various candidates. In Illinois, \$800,000 was spent for the nomination of Mr. Vane. In Illinois, \$458,000 was spent to secure the nomination for Mr. Smith."

"The expenditure of such huge sums for seats in the United States senate cannot be justified unless we desire to turn over that great legislative body to the multimillionaires of the country who are willing to buy legislation the same as if it were merchandise sold for cash to those who are willing and able to pay the price. If this practice is to be condoned, then we have placed seats in the highest legislative assembly of the world upon the auction block, and we have, by the same act, destroyed the fundamental principle that underlies our government."

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BLUE LAWS LIFTED AS TENNESSEE AIDS HOSTS OF SUFFERERS

Of Thirteen Convicted Over Year Ago, Only Four Have Died.

A year ago—when January 1st, 1926 dawned—13 men languished in cells throughout the state of Georgia under sentence of death on the gallows or electric chair.

Last Saturday—when January 1st, 1927 dawned—four of the 13 had expired their crimes by paying the supreme penalty.

The nine condemned prisoners who succeeded in thwarting the executioner during 1926 are:

Bunce Napier, Crisp county youth, sentence commuted.

R. G. Curington, of Talbot county, given a new trial and prison term.

C. A. Wheeler, Emanuel county, given a new trial.

Oscar Mars, Ben Hill county, awaiting clemency appeal.

Garrett Benford, Jones county, sentence commuted.

Wade Johnson, Jones county, awaiting appeal.

John D. Batchlor, Jones county, sentence commuted.

James A. Swain, Bibb county, under sentence of death.

John Howell, Bibb county, under sentence of death.

The four members of the original 13 who paid society with their lives during the year past were:

Jones and Bloodworth, hanged at Columbus for the murder of H. F. Underwood in Taylor county in 1922.

Coggeshall and McClelland, executed at the state farm for the murder of Professor W. C. Wright of Eastman, March 4, 1926.

Both were celebrated cases and attracted wide attention. They were the only four white men executed legally in Georgia during 1926. Several negroes were electrocuted.

Another prisoner under sentence of death who enjoyed hearing the new year bells was Mel Gore, convicted during 1926 for participation in the murder of W. B. Cheek, Peachtree road grocer. Twice he was in the shadow of the electric chair, but was saved each time by an appeal which resulted in a stay of execution. The trial of the alleged murderers of Cheek was perhaps the state's most celebrated criminal case during 1926.

REED UNCERTAIN
WHETHER HE'LL BE
1928 CANDIDATE

Pittsburgh, January 2.—(AP)—Senator David A. Reed, of Pennsylvania, is uncertain whether he will be a candidate for reelection in 1928. The senator made the statement today during the course of an address at the inauguration day exercises of the University of Pittsburgh.

Speaking of the senatorial situation in Illinois, Reed said that his opposition against the seating of Colonel Smith comes from the Democratic south, but we all know that the southern democrats are not the majority of the population is permitted to vote.

"Much is heard from democratic circles," Reed continued, "about the so-called 'zero' wards in Philadelphia, but do you know that in Texas there are 12 counties where the polls were not even opened? If the southern democrats are so worried by their attack on Smith, the republicans of the north will have a lot to tell them."

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Hundreds Attend Last Rites For Dr. Parks, College Head

Milledgeville, Ga., January 2.—(AP) Educators from all parts of Georgia assembled here today to pay final tribute to Dr. M. M. Parks, president of Georgia State College for Women, whose funeral was held in the college, one of the new buildings which had been completed by him only a few weeks ago. Dr. Parks was killed in an automobile accident at Tampa Thursday night.

The funeral service was held at 11 o'clock this morning, and the auditorium was not large enough to accommodate the immense crowd that assembled. All church services in Milledgeville had been dispensed with this morning.

The body of the noted educator was escorted from the residence to the auditorium by 300 members of the alumni association, the members of the board of stewards of the Methodist church, students of the college, members of the Kiwanis club, of the A. T. O. fraternity and the Knights of Pythias lodge.

The casket was placed on the stage of the auditorium, and it was banked with floral tributes of various sizes and designs, the most beautiful ever seen in this city.

Bishop Warren A. Candler, who was head of Emory college when Dr. Parks received his collegiate training there, preached the funeral sermon. He was assisted in the service by Dr. Elam F. Dempsey, presiding elder of the Oxford district, and Rev. John F. Yarbrough, pastor of the First Methodist church of this city.

A quartet from the musical faculty, composed of Miss Alice Tucker, Mrs. E. H. Hines, Mrs. L. P. Langino and Mrs. Edgar Ray, sang two of the favorite hymns of Dr. Parks at the service, the first being "Abide With Me," and the second "Oh, Master, Let Me Walk With Thee."

Dr. Yarbrough read the nineteenth psalm, which was followed by the lesson, which was taken from the New Testament, from I Corinthians, fifth chapter, 34-55 verses, concluding with a prayer.

Bishop Candler took his text from the Acts of the Apostles, seventh chapter, forty-six verse: "Who found favor before God; and desired to find a tabernacle for the God of Jacob."

Bishop Candler related incidents in the life of Paul and advanced through the history of the world's great men to the great educators of Georgia, a number of whom he named.

Noted Educator.

"And now the time has come to add another name to that roll of noted educators of Georgia."

Incidents at Emory university, when

Dr. Parks was a student and Bishop Candler was president, were recalled by the speaker.

"In the four years that Marvin Parks attended Emory," said the bishop, "he never did anything wrong; nor did he neglect his duty."

"Marvin Parks devoted his life to education," continued Bishop Candler. "He could have been a business man, for he was honest and efficient; he could have made a great success in the business world, I am sure, for he made a great record here at this institution, completing this auditorium in which we are gathered today and the other buildings which are monuments to his life, keeping within the appropriation fixed by the legislature and based on the architect's estimates. That is considered a remarkable feat."

"A month ago I was here for the formal opening of this building. Dr. Parks was full of joy over what he had achieved and he looked optimistically into the future. His vision was keen, but he never knew that he was the great man that he was."

"Georgia never would have been the same had not Marvin Parks poured out his life for it. All over the southern part of this state they call him blessed."

"He was a priest of education. His devotion to the cause of education was the will of God. Thank God he fulfilled the victory of faith. He served his own generation and fell on asleep."

There was a simple committal service at the cemetery, read by Bishop Candler.

The honorary pallbearers were Miller S. Bell, E. A. Tigner, of Milledgeville; Judge R. B. Russell, of Atlanta; Theodore E. Atkinson, of Newnan; Judge William H. Davis, of Waynesboro; Judge John B. Hutchinson, of Jonesboro; Ernest Camp, of Monroe, all members of the board of trustees.

The active pallbearers were members of the faculty: Dr. J. L. Benson, acting president of the Georgia State College for Women, and Professors E. H. Scott, George H. Webber, Francis Daniels, W. T. Wynne, O. A. Thaxton, and L. S. Fowler.

The president of each class and a delegation of students who arrived here a day before the opening of the college, attended the funeral.

There were hundreds of wreaths and set pieces in the floral tributes. The faculty of the college sent a large heart of Easter lilies and orchids, and the board of trustees a blanket of roses, lilies, carnations and orchids.

In the auditorium there was a space set aside for the negro servants of the college. The president and students of the Eddy High school for negroes were among the members of that race who attended the funeral.

While the body of Dr. Parks was lying in state thousands of persons gazed upon his face for the last time. And in this group also were hundreds of negroes.

Among the well known educators here for the funeral were: Fort B. Land, state school superintendent; M. L. Duggan and J. O. Martin, state school supervisors; Congressman William D. Upshaw, Chancellor Charles N. Snelling, E. A. Pound, of the department of education; Jere Pound, state normal school; Dr. R. H. Powell, president Georgia State Women's college, Valdosta; Dr. W. F. Quillian, president of Wesleyan college, Macon; Dr. D. W. Branch, president of Andrews college, Colbert; Dr. E. V. Hollis, president Georgia State Normal, Statesboro, and Dr. Kyle T. Alfriend, secretary of the Georgia Education association.

COLLEGE STUDENTS EXPECTED MONDAY.

Milledgeville, Ga., January 2.—(AP) Dr. E. C. Sloan, dean of the Georgia State College for Women, announced today that the official holiday of the institution would end Monday afternoon and all the students were expected to report back at that time. "This is the date that was announced before school adjourned December 22," Dr. Sloan said. "The students of this institution, who were killed in an automobile accident last Wednesday, while attending the national convention of his fraternity, Alpha Tau Omega, in Tampa."

According to W. W. Hackett, district passenger agent of the Central Georgia railroad, the "Beauty Special" will leave Macon for Milledgeville at 12:50 o'clock Monday afternoon.

Atlanta Children Return to School Monday Morning

Crying "Mamma" dolls will be forgotten; tool chests will be thrown aside; air guns, jumping jacks, tin horns, electric trains, doll carriages and other Christmas toys will be discarded Monday as hordes of Atlanta school children troop back to school and resume studies interrupted some two weeks ago when the reign of Old King Christmas loomed.

"This year the school children, more than 40,000 in number, and with about a thousand teachers, enjoyed an unusually long holiday for Christmas and New Year."

Superintendent Willis A. Sutton, head of the city school system, announced that the school will resume at 8:30 o'clock Monday morning, and that he hoped to see a duplication of the excellent work done in the holiday sessions.

Some readjustments will be necessary in the negro schools, because of the fire which crippled the Ashby Street school during the holidays. This school housed 1,500 negro children. The upper grade students will attend the Booker T. Washington school, while the lower grades will go to the Ware and Gray Street schools.

Superintendent Sutton said the board of education will plan rebuilding of the Ashby Street school at a session to be held in January.

Miss Mildred Seydell To Discuss Mussolini Before Civitan Club

Beginning the new year with a lecture by Miss Mildred Seydell on one of the foremost leaders in world politics, Mussolini, the Civitan club has prepared a special program for its meeting Tuesday at the Atlanta Athletic club.

Miss Seydell last summer interviewed Mussolini. She will tell her impressions of the leader of Italian politics. Other features are planned for the day's meeting. A business session will be held in addition to the program. Committees for the year will be named.

COUNCIL OF WOMEN MEETS IN EAST POINT

Alleged "objectionable conditions" were considered Sunday afternoon at a meeting held in the home of Mrs. Frank A. Smith, of East Point, by members of the Atlanta Woman's Civic council. The meeting was led by Mrs. J. E. Andrews, who was presented with a handsome fountain pen by the women of the East Point division of the council.

MANY CONVENTIONS TO BE HELD HERE

This will be a big convention year in Atlanta, with several meetings of big organizations and hundreds of smaller affairs, it has been announced by Fred Houser, who has been executive secretary of the Atlanta Convention and Tourist bureau since its organization, 14 years ago. His date books show an exceptionally large number of large and small meetings scheduled for Atlanta in the next 12 months.

Ivan E. Allen, who was the first president of the convention bureau and who has been vice president and an active worker since then, emphasized in his address at the annual meeting of the bureau last week the great value of state conventions in comparison with the big national affairs that draw thousands of visitors.

At the annual meeting the election of officers and directors was held. Frederic J. Paxon was reelected president for his fourteenth term; Ivan E. Allen, vice president, and W. T. Parkerson, treasurer.

The following, with the officers, make up the executive committee for 1937: James F. de Jarnett, Henry Grady hotel; C. L. Dinkler, Ansley hotel; W. C. Royer, Biltmore hotel; Gordon Burnett, Consumers Ice company; the chairman Fulton county commissioners, and chairman auditorium committee of the city council.

The board of directors consist of officers, executive committee and the following:

Harvey M. Smith, American Railway Express; M. S. Hill, Public Theaters, Incorporated; George Ripley, Jr., General Outdoor Advertising company; W. O. Foote, Foote and Davies; J. A. Dunwoody, Wincoff hotel; Scott Hudson, Atlanta Athletic club; W. W. Orr, George Mus. Clothing company; B. Miffin Hood, P. Miffin Hood brick company; W. T. Wain, Smith-Wain company; W. P. H. Coe, Coe-Cole company; William Candler, Frank Neely, M. Rich and Brothers company; W. C. Stamps, H. L. Singer company; H. A. Tiede, Arizona hotel; F. L. Woodruff, Southern Bell Telephone and Telegraph company; Harry Zobel, Robert Fulton hotel; Frank L. Butler, Georgia Railway and Power company; E. G. Jacobs, Kimb house; Earl Knight, Guinman laundry; H. Warner Martin, Atlanta and Livery National bank; C. J. Bloodworth, Chamberlin-Johnson-DuBose company; L. H. Bell, Sears-Robinson and company; F. E. Maffet, Maffet, Incorporated; George West, president, chamber of commerce.

NATIONAL LAW BODY MEETING HERE SOON

On January 18 the Piedmont Driving club will be the scene of a brilliant dinner given in honor of the executive committee of the Commercial Law League of America. Preparations are being made for entertaining more than 150 lawyers and their wives, under supervision of a joint committee composed of members of the Atlanta Bar association and the Atlanta Lawyers' club, consisting of John B. McCallum, E. C. Bell, James F. Wright, Edgar Neely and Walter S. Dillon, chairman.

Ex-Governor John M. Slaton will act as toastmaster and among those who will appear on the program of speakers will be Colonel George M. Napier, attorney general of Georgia, and former president of the league; Honorable Samuel H. Sibley, judge of the United States district court, and Judge Marcus Hook of the supreme court of Georgia. In addition there will be addresses by the Honorable Maurice P. Davidson, of New York, who is president of the Commercial Law League of America, and Honorable Fred A. Lind, of Chicago, a prominent member of the executive committee.

The Commercial Law League of America, with a membership of over 9,500 lawyers throughout the United States and Canada, will hold the mid-winter meeting of the executive committee at the Biltmore hotel on January 17, 18 and 19. While this organization is not very generally known among the laymen, it is a most important organization, numbering among its members some of the most representative practitioners throughout the United States and Canada.

Today's Spotlights

Especially Priced For One Day Only

\$1.95 Washable Crepe de Chine, \$1.79

Firm durable quality of washable crepe de chine. The price invites you to buy a supply. 39 inches wide.

Silks—Main Floor

75c Imported Stationery 49c

—Exceptional value! Exquisite imported stationery in blue, white, lavender and buff.

Stationery—Main Floor

\$1 Brocaded Bandeaux, 79c

—Narrow bandeaux of beautiful, firm brocaded cloth. Cut very low in the back. Genuine \$1 quality!

Corsets—Second Floor

\$1 Square "Pyrex" Cake Pan, 69c

—The well-known "Pyrex" make pan for baking cakes or biscuits. Size 9x9 in. Carrying the manufacturer's guarantee for oven use.

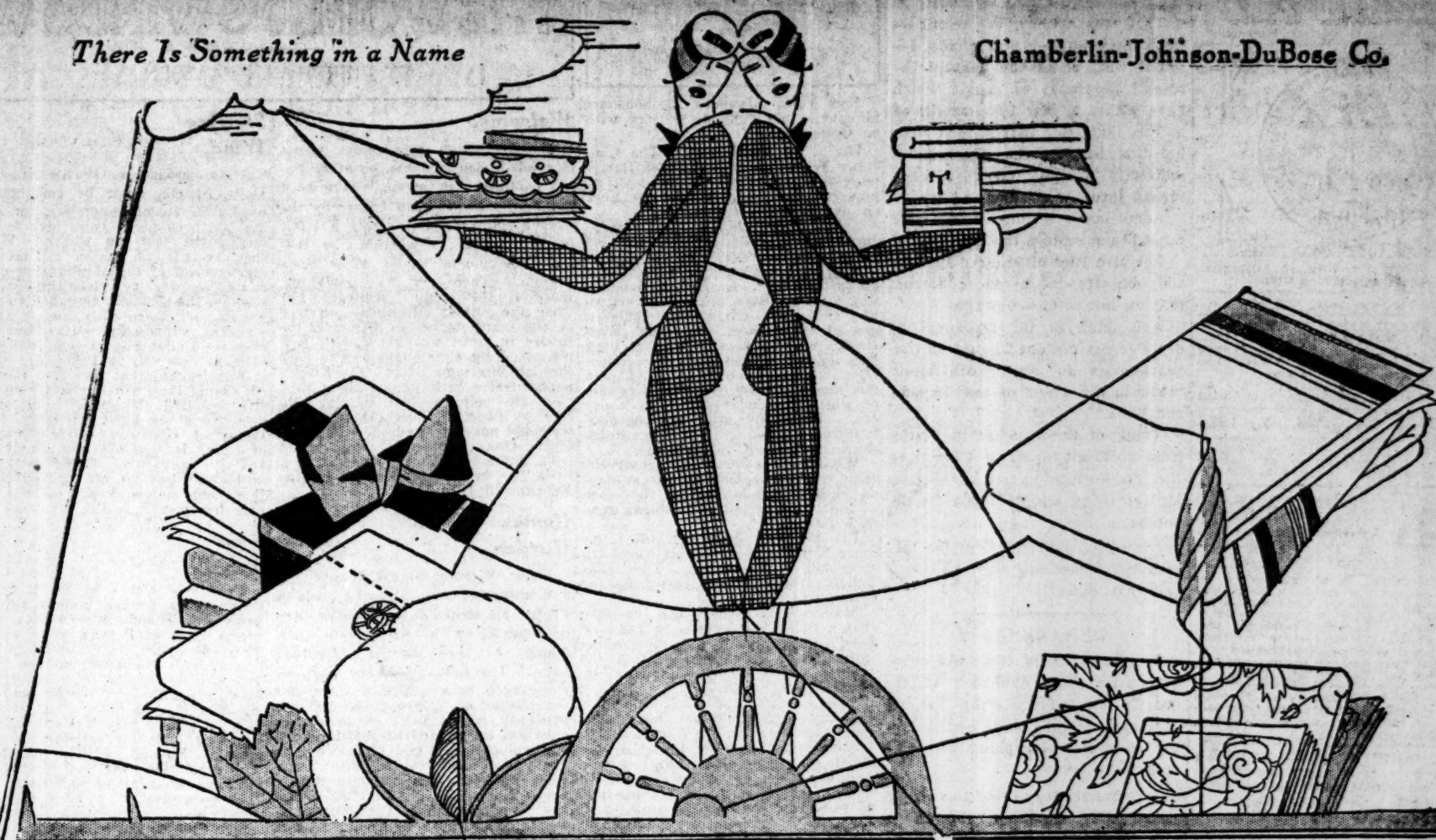
Basement

Chamberlin-Johnson-DuBose Co.

Johnson-DuBose Co.

DuBose Co.

There Is Something in a Name



Chamberlin-Johnson-DuBose Co.

From the Looms of Ireland and the Entire World!

January Sale of Linens

THE rarer the jewel the higher the price, but there is a time when even the rarest and finest may be obtained at surprisingly little cost. Exquisite household linens, bearing the Chamberlin hallmark of quality and beauty, are jewels in the heart of the woman devoted to her home.

Her desire for them is insatiable, so she takes advantage of our January Linen Sale, the one time of the year when they are marked at less. She will be here today—as she has for years on end, knowing that our collection of Irish and other beautiful linens will be more complete now than at any other time during the sale.

Gold Medal Table Linens

"Gold Medal," the word means perfection itself in the matter of Irish linens. From Belfast, the very center of the linen world!

70x70-in. Bordered Cloths.....	\$4.50	72x90-in. Extra Double Damask Cloths.....	\$10
70x88-in. Bordered Cloths.....	\$5.75	72x126-in. Extra Double Damask Cloths.....	\$12.50
70x106-in. Bordered Cloths.....	\$6.75	22x22-in. Napkins to match.....	\$10 doz.
22x22-in. Napkins to match.....	\$5.75 doz.	22x22-in. Fine Double Damask Cloths.....	\$10.50
72x72-in. Bordered Double Damask Cloths.....	\$6.95	72x90-in. Fine Double Damask Cloths.....	\$12.50
72x90-in. Bordered Double Damask Cloths.....	\$8.50	72x108-in. Fine Double Damask Cloths.....	\$5
72x108-in. Bordered Double Damask Cloths.....	\$10	22x22-in. Napkins to match.....	\$10 doz.
22x22-in. Napkins to match.....	\$7.95 doz.	24x24-in. Napkins.....	\$12.50
72x72-in. Extra Double Damask Cloths.....	\$7.95		

Gold Seal Sheets

Hemmed Ready for Use	Hemstitched Sheets
\$1.52 Sheets, 63x90-in.....	\$1.89 Sheets, 63x99-in.....
\$1.78 Sheets, 72x99-in.....	\$2.05 Sheets, 72x99-in.....
\$1.95 Sheets, 72x108-in.....	\$2.19 Sheets, 72x108-in.....
\$1.78 Sheets, 81x90-in.....	\$2.05 Sheets, 81x90-in.....
\$1.95 Sheets, 81x99-in.....	\$2.23 Sheets, 81x90-in.....
\$2.15 Sheets, 81x108-in.....	\$2.39 Sheets, 81x108-in.....
\$2.15 Sheets, 90x99-in.....	\$2.39 Sheets, 90x99-in.....
\$2.34 Sheets, 90x108-in.....	\$2.58 Sheets, 90x108-in.....

Scalloped Sheets

\$2.08 Sheets, 72x99-in.....	\$2.43 Sheets, 90x99-in.....
\$2.26 Sheets, 81x99-in.....	\$2.62 Sheets, 90x108-in.....

Gold Seal Pillow Cases

Hemmed Ready for Use	Hemstitched Cases
39c Pillow Cases, 36x36-in.....	55c Hemstitched Cases, 36x36-in.....
43c Hemmed Cases, 42x36-in.....	57c Hemstitched Cases, 42x36-in.....
48c Hemmed Cases, 42x40-in.....	60c Hemstitched Cases, 42x40-in.....
48c Hemmed Cases, 45x36-in.....	63c Hemstitched Cases, 45x40-in.....
53c Hemmed Cases, 45x40-in.....	63c Hemstitched Cases, 50x36-in.....
53c Hemmed Cases, 50x36-in.....	

Scalloped Cases

60c Scalloped Cases, 42x36-in.....	63c Scalloped Cases, 45x36-in.....
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All Linen Pillow Cases

22x36-in. All linen Hemstitched Pillow Cases.....	\$1.69 pr.	21x36-in. All linen Pillow Cases, hand-hemstitched, laundered.....	\$2.98 pr.
22x33-in. All linen Hemstitched Pillow Cases.....	\$1.98 pr.	22x34-in. All linen Hemstitched Pillow Cases.....	\$2.48 pr.
22x36-in. All linen Pillow Cases, hand-hemstitched, laundered.....	\$3.95 pr.		

All Linen Towels

16x30-in. All linen Huck Towels, blue, rose, white borders.....	23c	18x32-in. All linen Hemstitched Huck Towels, monogram space.....	39c
18x33-in. All linen Huck Towels, monogram space.....	34c	18x35-in. 69c and 75c all linen Towels.....	59c
20x36-in. All linen Huck Towels.....	\$1.19		

Double-Thread Bath Towels

18x36-in. Heavy two-ply Bath Towels.....	22c	22x44-in. Extra heavy two-ply Towels, all white.....	48c
22x44-in. All white two-ply Bath Towels.....	34c	23x45-in. Extra heavy two-ply Towels.....	59c
21x40-in. Two-ply Towels with colored borders.....	34c	25x53-in. Extra heavy two-ply, colored borders.....	79c
22x44-in. Extra heavy two-ply with colored borders.....	39c	26x50-in. Extra heavy two-ply, all white Towels, corded ends.....	95c

Linens—Main Floor

Chamberlin-Johnson-DuBose Co.

All Linen Damask Cloths \$8.95

—71x90-in. cloths of exquisite all linen damask which would sell at \$12.50 were it not for the January Linen Sale. A variety of beautiful and desired patterns. An exceptional value!

Maderia Pillow Cases \$6.95 pr.

—Regularly \$8.50! These 22x36 Maderia pillow cases are outstanding offerings of our Linen Sale. Beautifully hand-embroidered on pure linen. A number of attractive patterns.

"Rest-Full" Sheets

\$1.28 Hemmed Sheets, 63x90-in.....	\$1.00
\$1.38 Hemmed Sheets, 63x99-in.....	\$1.15
\$1.48 Hemmed Sheets, 72x99-in.....	\$1.24
\$1.53 Hemmed Sheets, 81x90-in.....	\$1.24
\$1.64 Hemmed Sheets, 81x99-in.....	\$1.34
\$1.78 Hemmed Sheets, 90x99-in.....	\$1.46

"Rest-Full" Pillow Cases

39c Hemmed Cases, 42x36-in.....	32c
43c Hemmed Cases, 45x36-in.....	36c

Tea Napkins

12x12-in. All linen, all-over Jacquard damask napkins. Regularly \$2.95, at..... \$2.59 doz.
13x13-in. All linen Model Village napkins. Regularly \$3.95, at \$3.50 doz.
20x27-in. Glass towels, all linen with blue and red borders. Regularly 50c, at..... 39c

Odd Napkins

18x18-in. All linen napkins—hemmed..... \$2.95 doz.
18x18-in. All linen napkins, not hemmed..... \$3.25 doz.
21x21-in. All linen napkins, not hemmed..... \$4.50 doz.
22x22-in. All linen napkins, not hemmed..... \$4.95 doz.
24x24-in. All linen napkins, not hemmed..... \$5.75 doz.

Table Linen

70-in. All linen damask, assorted patterns..... \$1.29 yd.
70-in. 52 Silver bleached Damask..... \$1.60 yd.
68-in. Heavy grass bleached Damask..... \$1.95 yd.
70-in. Bleached Damask..... \$2.48 yd.
70-in. Double Damask..... \$2.98 yd.
22x22-in. Matching napkins, \$6.50 dozen.

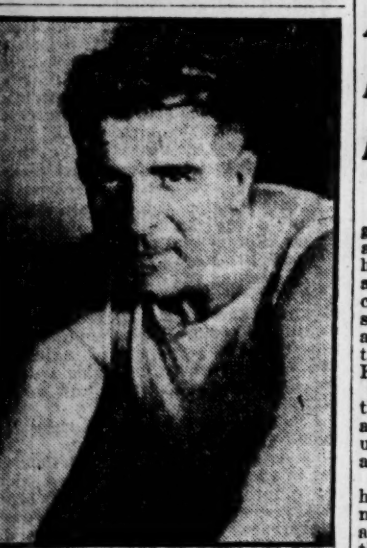
Towelling Crash

16-in. All Linen Bleached Crash, regularly 25c, at..... 19c
18-in. Extra heavy 1 Linen Crash, regularly 24c, at..... 19c
18-in. Absorbent Boot Towelling, regularly 25c, at..... 19c



Herbert Tareyton CIGARETTES

There's something about them you'll like



RELIEVES STIFFNESS CAUSED BY CHILL

Pressman tells how newspaper workers keep fit

The pressmen working in a newspaper office at Dorchester, Mass., used to have great trouble with rheumatic stiffness owing to frequent sudden draughts of cold air when the doors were opened to take in rolls of paper. One of their number began using Sloan's Liniment and now they all chip in to keep Sloan's always on hand for the entire shop.

"After my day's work I rub a little Sloan's Liniment on my back and legs. It never fails."

Sloan's gives real help because it doesn't just deaden the pain. It gets at the cause.

Apply gently, without rubbing. Right away you feel the comfortable, glowing warmth as the new blood is brought to the sore spots, and soon the aching stops. Get a bottle today. All druggists—35 cents.

SAMPLE FREE—Send for it today!

Dr. Earl S. Sloan, Dept. E-1
113 West 18th Street, N. Y. C.
Please send free sample Sloan's Liniment.

Name.....
Address.....



Entered at the Postoffice at Atlanta as second-class mail matter.
Telephone WA. 6565.

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Single Copies—Daily, 5c; Sunday, 10c.
By Mail, add postage.
Atlanta, Ga., Jan. 3, 1927

ATLANTA, GA., JAN. 3, 1927
J. R. HOLLIDAY, Constitution Building, sole advertising manager for all territory outside of Atlanta.

THE CONSTITUTION is on sale in New York City by 2 c. m. the day after issue. It can be had at Holliday's News Stand, Broadway and Forty-third street (Times building corner); Schultz News Agency, at Bryant Park, and Grand Central Depot.

The Constitution is not responsible for advance payments to out-of-town local carriers, dealers or agents. Receipts for subscription payments not in accordance with published rates are not authorized; also not responsible for subscription payments until received at office publication.

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THE SPIRIT OF MAN:—But there is a spirit in man; and the inspiration of the Almighty giveth them understanding. Job 32:8.

PRAYER:—O Thou infinite Spirit, make our spirits Thine.

EMPHATIC PROOF.
Atlanta's postal receipts in 1926 reached the huge total of \$4,160,000 in round figures—an increase of approximately 14 per cent over 1925, and an increase of 25 per cent over 1923.

Nothing tells the story of the city's growth with more force or more emphasis.

The receipts for the month of December alone were greater than for an entire year less than a quarter of a century ago.

Any citizen who may be crying "woe!" should turn to these figures and get relief for calamity pains.

Atlanta was never more prosperous, never more promising.

JARDINE COMING.
The United States secretary of agriculture, W. M. Jardine, has accepted the invitation of President Soule, of the Georgia State College of agriculture, to close the twentieth annual farmers' week conference and school of cooperative marketing with an address. This will be delivered in the auditorium of the college on January 29. The conference will begin on January 24.

The program this year is unique in that it undertakes to coordinate production and marketing—Georgia's greatest need. Four days—January 25 to 28, inclusive—will be given over to the school of cooperative marketing, the first of its kind ever held in any state. It will be participated in by leaders of the cooperatives located in all parts of the south, and several of the most competent men who can be obtained through the agency of the United States department of agriculture.

The conference will consider, discuss and let us hope—elucidate plans and policies now so essential for the proper coordination of the elements essential to the permanent success of agriculture, in conjunction with commerce and industry.

Secretary Jardine will be given a cordial welcome to Georgia, and all farmers who can possibly do so should arrange to hear his address.

LATE FINDING IT OUT.
Secretary of the Treasury Mellon, who is by virtue of position the administrative head of the federal prohibition unit, has decided, after several thousand people have been killed in one year as a result of poisoned alcohol, to issue a new denaturing formula so that the poisons may be eliminated.

He now considers it "not the duty of the government to poison people in order to enforce the law." The new formulas will go into effect at once.

This is another instance of locking the stable door after the nag has been stolen, although it is justified by the philosophy that "it is never too late to do good."

In the meantime New York press dispatches of Thursday say: "Health Commissioner Harris announces there were 724 deaths from alcoholism for the first 51 weeks of the year, a figure which he said represented more than twice as many deaths from alcoholism as in the whole of wet England and Wales, with a population of 38,000,000, and nearly four times as many as in wet Australia, with a population about equal to that of this city. The total of alcohol deaths in New York so far this year is greater than any year since 1910, the next highest year being 1916, when 687 deaths were recorded. Last year's total was 513."

It is unthinkable that the government has been deliberately and purposely—and secretly—employing its great organization of chemists to make up poisonous concoctions to kill people. And yet that

is the story and all the "explanations" on earth cannot extenuate it. That the policy is wrong—tragically wrong—is now admitted. But what about the lives of the several thousands of people which have within a year been sacrificed to this flood tide of poisoned alcohol that has, by the government, indirectly if not directly, been turned into the channels of trade? Admitting a wrong at this late day will not restore the dead to life. The atrocities of war cannot possibly be attended by more horror. It is an inexcusable outrage.

And think of the statement of deaths from poisoned liquor in one year—more in New York alone "than in the whole of wet England and Wales!"

Think of the increase in deaths from poisoned liquor in 1926 over the pre-Volstead years, emphasizing the rising tide of hooch drunkenness!

How long can this thing be tolerated? Something must be done, and that quickly.

REMARKABLE.
In a marvelously clear and comprehensive chart, published in Saturday's Constitution, the various businesses in the United States during 1926 were compared with the records of 1925.

It is heartening to find that every constructive business showed a plus—that is, an increase—running from 1 to 10 per cent, with the single exceptions of wholesale trade and bond sales.

The minus in the wholesale trade of 8 per cent was due largely to the heavy merchandise carry-overs from 1925, and the bond market was less active on account of the big increase in stock sales.

In 45 different lines of trade new high records were made in 1926, and total business, with a plus over 1925 of 5 per cent, reached a new high record.

Exports showed a comparison minus of 3 per cent, while imports showed a plus of 7 per cent.

This ought to put the administration on notice that its foreign policy is not only basically wrong, but is gradually turning the balance of trade in the wrong direction.

The showing as to domestic business, however, is most encouraging, and can be accepted as prophetic of business conditions in 1927.

A Moultrie farmer brought a load of corn to market while his wife carried in 15 dozen eggs, and both received \$7.50 for their products. The farmer purchased a lot of groceries and his wife three pairs of silk stockings. There is a moral to this. Plant more corn.

"Hog killing time in our midst," shrieks every country correspondent to the local paper.

Spare ribs mighty good;
Back bone, it am fine.
Lord-a-massy how I long
For hog-killin' time.

Revenuers were excessively active just before Christmas and the state press recounts the destruction of many a still. You may shatter the kettles, break up the still, but the aroma of mash will remain round it still.

The gasoline tax in Florida is bringing in a revenue of approximately one million dollars a month. There is so much carbon monoxide in the air that it was dangerous to operate the plane mail service.

The spirit of good fellowship of the United States is not fully cemented until we read in the Florida press the sympathy expressed for the citrus belt of southern California suffering 27-degree weather.

It is house-cleaning time in Washington. The white house is being repaired and the Teapot Dome is to have its lid removed to see what's inside of it. This work is generally done in the springtime, and it is a big job and it ran into the Fall.

New York burglars talked politics with their host while robbing him. Then they borrowed his car to make their escape, promising to return it, which they did. We have heard of that before, but not by burglars, and the gentry we refer to returned nothing.

The rivalry between divorce and murder cases will soon reach the endurance stage.

With all this baseball wrangle and new rules and trades we haven't seen any new words advanced to cuss the umpire.

Our idea of nothing to fuss about is the attack on the honor and integrity of Ty Cobb. Georgia will tie to him to a man.

Autos with four doors, four cylinders, four brakes are not complete without a driver with foresight.

The evergreen season having passed, had will supplement it with greenbacks.

BITS OF NEW YORK LIFE

New York, January 2.—Somerset Maugham is a name to conjure with on Broadway.

His latest soiled play, "The Constant Wife," in which Ethel Barrymore is starring, isn't looked upon as a masterpiece by the average New York chronicler of the drama.

"We have to thank him," writes one of the Soft Boiled Brethren, "for a gayly wicked evening in the theater."

His depravity is in the very best taste. In Mr. Maugham's sophisticated plays, a flow of natural emotion is outside the pale—a symbol of common breeding. Even though we are moral, let us at least keep our self-respect. Let us be civilized. . . . He has reduced infidelity to the innocuous level of tea-table gossip, of white lies and cocktails in a dry area. Unless you are temperamental, censorious you will not object to his characters"—etc., ad nauseam.

What hope is there of cleaning the stage when newspaper writers, supposed to have the interest of the stage at heart, are permitted to disseminate such twaddle?

Let Somerset Maugham fill a cologne bottle with sewer water and try to peddle it as perfume. That's his unholy affair. Why encourage the rotten traffic?

Maugham proclaims the doctrine that a wife's best answer to her husband's infidelity is a corresponding infidelity of her own—solving the problem of the "double standard" by abolishing all standards.

The engaging and ironic title "The Constant Wife," writes Dana Stinner, in the exclusive "Commentary" springs from the fact that the wife insists on remaining constantly a wife and on returning her nonplussed husband at the conclusion of his infidelity. It is this quite exact example of "making the punishment fit the crime," which has sent the sophisticated into howls of laughter. They tell us, a most "civilized" thought. A clever fellow this Somerset Maugham! The only trouble with the laughter he provokes is that it is freighted with halitosis—itself another symptom, perhaps, of the onward march of civilization.

No device of treatment, by a playwright, can sweeten the theme of infidelity. A man who double-crosses, her husband, will not play fair to anyone else. Bestow upon him the flossy and glossy names in the "sophisticated" category, but the term "cheater," nevertheless heads the list.

Roger Wolfe Kahn, owner of ten orchestras, proprietor of a "fashionable" night club and 10-year-old son of Otto H. Kahn, seeks new laurels as a composer. He is working on a musical satire for the delectation of the ultra-sophisticated.

"With a few subtly phrased scenes," Roger explains, "I shall endeavor lightly to mock the modern musical comedy and with bolder strokes, shatter the popular illusions of Broadway, Fifth Avenue and even the Bowery."

The young man did not have to tell us his musical mockery would be "subtle." Always and ever Roger Wolfe Kahn is subtle as the gold filling in a nigger's front tooth.

Two brothers, Abraham and Jacob, dress manufacturers, were trapped by fire recently on the sixth floor of a loft building. Seeing their escape cut off by the flames, the two brothers, who were alone in the room, conceived the brilliant, dazzling and three-cornered idea of tying a bolt of cloth to a desk and lowering themselves from a window to an adjoining roof.

But Jacob, who weighs 210 pounds, to his brother's 150, was afraid to trust the bulk to a desk and a bolt of cloth which, after all, was only "medium grade."

And from the Eskimo, my brethren learn a lesson: So trade, that if need be, you can stand on your own feet. I will support your weight on a sled to safety. Amen.

Time To Capitalize South's Cotton Monopoly

Editor Constitution: Like Banquo's Ghost, in one respect, I will not stop coming. Good reason. The holidays are about over. Now to business.

A part of my business is to obtain legislation for the farmers.

Will it come from congress or must it come from the cotton states?

There is only one remedy; and that is to reduce cotton acreage by law.

The cotton states, legislatures can do this by a treaty to pass the same or similar bill by placing an occupation tax on each acre over a certain percentage of the acreage in cultivation.

Congress can do it, but it is more doubtful of congress as the north, east and west have to be reckoned with.

But congress can stop the variety of cotton reports for speculation; and it's a great body can make it a felony to sell cotton short; that is to sell it without having the actual cotton.

This would cause the price to be fixed upon real supply and demand, and not fictitious supply and demand, as it is now—sales being in the hundreds of millions.

Will the states do it or will we have to go to congress for relief?

Mussolini has decided to tax all land, and even at the first Envoys. We went in to visiting foreign authors (quite numerous recently) to tell us "what our republic represents."

If their reports are not to our liking, we will say, "I am not a part of it."

Americans like angel cake, sugar plums, shiny things on the national Christmas tree; but exhibit childlike naivete when asked to survey social, political or cultural faults. We take very, very much for granted. Hence our practice is to create heroes and heroines from day to day, should we stand it.

A foreigner with a pen in his hand, or still better, a lady-writer, coming from afar, telling us frankly of our shortcomings is listened to patronizingly; but the identical criticisms from a native son brings the mob flinging bricks through the daring author's window.

We will never improve, as individuals or as a nation, unless we know our faults, strive for betterment. However, the amiable conceit of tolerating criticism "from afar" but frowning on it at home, is by no means confined to

THE WORLD'S WINDOW

BY PIERRE VAN PAASSEN.

Welcome.
The Catalan conspirators, whose escape ended so ingloriously by being captured "en masse," have been put across the Belgian border by the French police. Some anxiety was felt for a time as to whether the Belgian government could allow them asylum. There is no mistaking, however, the public's feelings. For when the gallant adventures arrived at the main station in Brussels, the square in front was black with people. And the Catalonians had to pass through cheering crowds. The French papers felt a little piqued about this. "We also admire their courage and love of liberty," says L'Ouvre, but we could not very well show our feelings. One of Macia's army writes from Brussels: "Now I understand a little the heroic stand made by the Belgians in 1914."

Ibanez Garden.
Senior Vicente Blasco Ibanez has a sumptuous taste. Sir: he made of France his second fatherland, he lives in Menton in a magnificent villa, which he has named "Fontana Rosa." The previous owner had the garden in a neglected state, but the author of "Mare Nostrum" has turned it into a little paradise. Not only has he planted the most luxurious tropical trees and plants, but he has installed several beautiful fountains and laid out a white marble pool. Not satisfied with this, he has just ordered with a Lursian sculptor 12 bronze busts of celebrated men of letters. By the side of Cervantes, Voltaire, Danté, Goethe, Schopenhauer, Zola, Anatole France, Goethe, Voltaire, in short, a whole academy of immortals.

Free Love.
Free love comes in for a severe denunciation by the famous Russian professor, Tancor. In a recent issue of Pravda what a class of co-eds at the state university gave him as their unanimous opinion. "The girl who thinks and talks about pure love is laughed at. We Russian girls students do not know what love is. We only know sexual relations." The professor only says in his article, "words: 'Enough of this immorality. The revolution was not intended to let loose an orgy of indecency. And this pornography, which has lately crept into our university literature, under the banner of proletarian art must disappear also. Parents must be assured that their daughters study at our university and do not detach themselves.'"

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Modern Religious Creed Offered by 100 Ministers of Protestant Churches

Scientific Knowledge Lengthens Arm of God and Reveals His Purposes, Report Says.

New York, January 2.—A modern religious creed, embracing many of the old tenets of Christianity and clarifying several controversial points, has been drawn up by 100 leading Protestant ministers. It represents what is perhaps the first composite affirmation of the beliefs of leaders in all the Protestant sects.

The statement of creed was issued through the church advertising department of the International Advertising association, which has just completed a nationwide survey of religious beliefs among the laity.

The Protestants not a doctrine, according to an analysis which has been made by the Rev. Charles Stebbins from the 100 individual statements, believes in "God as a personal, living force."

In regard to science, long a controversial point between the modernists and the fundamentalists, the statement declares that "scientific knowledge does not shorten the arm of God—it lengthens it. It reveals the purpose of God. It indicates that partnership in the living force of the universe. His plans for the redemption of the world."

Regarding the church, the report states that it is a failing institution. Men are asked to help save the world through the church.

Under the heading, "Religion in the Life of Humanity," the document declares that "Religion is not manufactured by priests and ministers. It already exists even in the hearts of those who never heard of God or the church. Priests and ministers merely seek to interpret religion so that it may be more generally understood and practiced."

"The purpose of religion," it says, "is to make God more fully known to men in order that the fundamental needs of the race may be satisfied."

In the section devoted to "the personality and mission of Jesus," it is declared that "the world is just beginning to get a glimpse into the significance of His words. He is today the greatest ruler in the civilized world. He is the king of kings."

"Those who answer the call of religion do not always find an easy road but true religion gives men strength to bear misfortune and at the end of the road is victory and eternal life."

Among the better known clergymen signing the "new year's message to the American people" are the Rev. Dr. S. Parkes Cadman, Dr. Harry Emerson Fosdick, Dr. Finis S. Ideman, New York; Dr. Albert Edwards, Pittsburgh; Dr. Dorey N. Miller, Harrisburg; Dr. Harold Stanley Stewart, Dr. Roy Ewing Yale, Dr. Ernest Bourgeois, Allen, Okla.; Dr. P. H. Murdock, Dr. John F. Herget, Cincinnati; Dr. Dan Freeman Bradley, Cleveland; Dr. Allen A. Stockdale, Toledo; Dr. Charles M. Jones, St. Louis; Dr. Joseph A. Vance, Dr. Alvin B. Margery, Dr. Harold C. Warren, Detroit; Dr. George W. Loring, Lansing; Dr. Herbert A. Jump, Ann Arbor; Dr. Frederick Spence, Jackson; Dr. Charles Wood, Dr. Joseph H. Siz, St. Paul; Dr. William L. Strider, Dr. Harry Clayton Rogers, Dr. I. M. Hargrett, Kansas City; Dr. Arthur Stanley Beale, Milwaukee; Dr. Samuel

HARP QUARTET FEATURES CONCERT

Continued from First Page.

whose accompaniment for the latter selection was probably responsible for at least 50 per cent of its effectiveness.

The suite by Eliebert Nevin, "A Day in Venice," was as romantically charming as ever, and, of course, "Dance of the Hours," remains, as always, the most effective and beautiful of all ballet music. The audience again demanded that the number be repeated, making three encores for a total of six selections—not bad indication of appreciation.

Violinist Next Feature.

The next concert, to be given Sunday, January 16, will feature Elinor Whittemore, solo violinist. Tickets either for four or for the balance of the series—four concerts—are on sale every week day at Phillips & Crew, piano company, 181 Peachtree street.

The January 16 program follows:

1. Schumann's Overture.....Rosini
2. Concerto in B minor, for violin and orchestra.....Saint-Saens (Elinor Whittemore, violin soloist)
3. (a) Chant Elegique.....Tchaikowsky (b) Rhapsody of Spring.....Sinding
4. Nelly Gergs Suite.....German

FARMER AND LABOR SEE BRIGHTER YEAR

Continued from First Page.

generally satisfactory for the first half-year. Many of the conditions might enter that would have a bearing to determine prosperity in the latter half of 1927.

BY WILLIAM GREEN.
(President, American Federation of Labor.)

"The promotion of understanding and cooperation in 1927, as in the past, is the human factor associated with industry resulted in an increased individual productivity and efficiency. We now know and understand what the true basis of industrial advancement and national prosperity."

"It is in this respect that the most marked and helpful progress has been made. The wage philosophy of the American Federation of Labor has become better understood and more generally accepted. That a progressive increase in the productivity of the individual worker was inevitable and that the worker should share equitably in the benefits of the progress made from said increase is now generally conceded. This means that it is becoming more and more understood that productivity and higher wages are inseparably related, the one dependent upon the other and prosperity dependent upon both."

BY C. O. MOSER.
(President and General Manager, American Cotton Growers Exchange.)

"Cotton growers in the south long have been looking for a better year. The price of cotton has been depressed to the point where it is generally below the cost of production. This is a situation which is not only a hardship to the cotton grower but also a hardship to the cotton consumer."

"Whether this price recovers during 1927 is dependent entirely upon two factors; first, how much cotton the farmers plant this spring, and second, what kind of weather we have after the cotton is planted. If the growers are wise, they will reduce their cotton acreage, and the second factor, if the acreage is reduced enough, the cotton price will come back to a point equal to the cost of production or perhaps a little above it. On the other hand, the present low price is hurting cotton growing projects in foreign countries, inasmuch as they have higher prices of production than we have, and will find it more unprofitable to grow cotton at the present low prices."

"An increase in the per capita consumption of cotton should follow the present low price. The movement in fashion centers for creating styles using cotton goods is more pronounced than it is a notable fact that in the total income from all agricultural production of the south is more than last year. Although the value of the cotton produced in the south is said to be \$400,000,000 less, cotton is the only money crop for the south, is doomed."

BY F. T. FOGG.
(General Manager, American Fruit Growers, Los Angeles.)

"There are many favorable factors which indicate that the year 1927 should be a very satisfactory one for the producers of fruits and vegetables in California. The heaviest precipitation we have had in nine years assures all districts of ample moisture and good production of high quality products. There has been a marked increase in the consumptive demand for all of the major California fruits and vegetables during the past years and a comparatively greater increase for the coming year is unquestioned. With a large production of oranges in 1926 there was a demand which more than consumed the available supply, while the outlet for California specialties such as lettuce, tomatoes, winter vegetables, grapes, pears and other commodities has been extended to practically every village or town of any size, giving a wide distribution."

BY V. B. NEWTON.
(President, Florida Fruit Man's Club, Orlando.)

"Many unusual and uncontrollable conditions during early and middle por-

Unidentified Boatmen Drown in Cumberland

Nashville, Tenn., January 2.—(P)—The Cumberland's mad flood swallowed up two unidentified boatmen as it began to recede, and five other men, whose skulls capsized beneath them, were rescued from tree tops in North Nashville currents this afternoon.

B. W. Fletcher and two students, watched the drama that cost two lives.

"The boat in which the two men were towing about a quarter of a mile from shore," Fletcher said, "was tossed into a tree top. The boat got away and the men hung in the tree. It was just before dark. After awhile the two men in the tree jumped into the swift waters and tried to swim to the shore. They were seen before they reached it. We saw them go down."

Results of December brought unfavorable results to the citrus industry of Florida. Principal among these was the weather. On the shipping end, warm and foggy nights, retarded maturity and promoted decay while extremely cold weather on the receiving end retarded sales and distribution.

"But it is gratifying to observe that we enter the new year with a very promising market and light shipments and while extremely high prices are not predicted for January a general improvement in the market is expected, and a better market in February and still a better market in March and throughout the balance of the season."

BY H. G. CHALKLEY.
(President, American Rice Growers' Cooperative Association.)

"Rice farmers of Louisiana, Texas and Arkansas will plant a much smaller acreage in 1927 than in 1926, but they expect nearly as large a yield and a very high quality of product because of intensive cultivation and earlier planting."

"Prospects are that 1927 will be the best year in the history of rice industry in Louisiana, Texas and Arkansas."

BY JAMES C. STONE.
(President, General Manager, Burley Tobacco Growers' Cooperative Association.)

"The Burley tobacco growers, an organization of 109,000 farmers in Kentucky, Indiana, Ohio, West Virginia, Tennessee, Missouri and Virginia, are looking for a good business outlook for 1927."

"The association is about to pay its members \$8,000,000 as the second crop of their 1925 crop. The 1926 crop will be paid for in full soon after the close of selling season around April 1. This will put in circulation the Burley tobacco growers a large sum of money and will give impetus to business of every kind."

"This is the final year of a contract signed in 1921 which provides that the growers will sign another contract, probably for five years, and continue their organization."

BY GEOFFREY MORGAN.
(General Manager, Dark Tobacco Growers' Cooperative Association.)

"Prospects for better prices for dark tobacco farmers in 1927 are good. The growers are delivering their tobacco to lose leaf floors are not bright as the current prices are even lower than the previous year's prices."

"The dark district here, however, has a more favorable outlook for the future, as there is a tendency of European countries to buy more tobacco and since the crops in most places are very much below last year's poundage, which means that these countries must make heavier purchases of dark tobacco from Kentucky."

"The dark crop here is about 45,000,000 pounds normal."

BY E. P. SPILLER.
(Secretary and General Manager, Texas and Southwestern Cattle Raisers' Association.)

"The outlook for the cattle business during 1927 is expected for 1927. Low market prices of heavy beef steers and calves are expected to continue. The cattle business during a portion of the year and caused serious losses to producers of that class. It is somewhat better market in other classes, however, saved the industry from another disastrous year."

"The forecast of a favorable year in 1927 is not amiss, but conditions do not warrant the expectation of a prosperous year, or for complete recovery from the conditions prohibiting profit since 1920. The last two years have witnessed a gradual improvement in the situation and 1927 should furnish a basis for the current outlook holds."

BY HERBERT L. KAYTON.
(President, Naval Stores Factors' Association.)

"The year 1926 has been a satisfactory one for producers of naval stores and their kindred, and is looking ahead with confidence for still more favorable season during the new year. Rosins and turpentine have sold at satisfactory levels and there has been good margin of profit to operators."

"Prospectors are for a better supply of labor in 1927, but labor is high owing to scarcity of good second growth pines."

BY H. C. BERCKES.
(Secretary-Manager, Southern Pine Association.)

"Business handled during 1926 is indicative of an excellent production, a steady demand and a stable market. The trade estimate on future requirements is in substantial accord with reports of statisticians who predict an unwavering maintenance of trade during the coming months."

BY J. H. TOWNSEND.
(Executive Vice President, Hardwood Manufacturers' Institute.)

"My prediction is that the hardwood industry will turn its attention to the fact of making 1927 a banner year. The institute plans an extensive advertising campaign during the coming year supported by a heretofore available. . . . By the middle of the year results from our advertising program may be reasonably expected. These reasons are sufficient to justify the statement that an ample demand will exist for the hardwood lumber out of 1927."

WAYCROSS LAWYERS
INDORSE TILSON

Waycross, Ga., January 2.—(Special.)—A petition asking the confirmation of Judge W. J. Tilson as judge of the middle district of Georgia is being forwarded by many of the members of the Waycross to United States Senators William J. Harris and Walter F. George.

The petition reads: "We, the undersigned members of the bar of Waycross, Ga., earnestly request favorable action by the United States Senate on the confirmation of Judge W. J. Tilson as judge of the middle district of Georgia."

"We do not live in the middle district, but some of the members of our bar have limited practice in the courts of the middle district, and we have had occasion to observe the operation of the courts in that district since Judge Tilson has been presiding."

Milton C. Work's Pointer On How To Play Bridge

(Milton C. Work, the international bridge authority, will answer your auction bridge questions. A stamped self-addressed envelope must accompany each reply for replies.)

The pointer for today is: Partners who bid conventionally should reach the final bid they would have selected had each seen the cards of the other.

The above pointer is the foundation and beginning of all sound bidding, so it is well to remember it at the beginning of a new year.

During the past week this series of articles has been devoted to a consideration of Majors and minor suits—two most important topics and one which is far from being generally understood, even by otherwise sound bidders. I hope that my readers have followed these detailed illustrations and now know just when to pass their partner's Major suit-bids, when to raise them, and when to bid them.

The information conveyed by the dealer, properly made and when properly omitted, is almost without limit and perfect understanding will be essential. It is important that a player

whose initial bid of one of a Major suit is passed by both Second Hand and partner, should at once realize that the partner's pass announced either satisfaction with the suit that has been bid and normal support for it, or a hand too weak for a denial.

Sp.: Ht.: x-x-x-x. D.: Queen-x-x. Cl.: Jack-x-x. S.: 4-3-2. Ht.: Ace-King-Jack-10-9-8. D.: 7. Cl.: Ace-Jack-8-7.

Having normal assistance for the Spades and being barred from all thought of a No Trump by the worthless singleton in Diamonds, North should pass; but supposing that after North passed, East bid two Diamonds, and that South and West both passed, what do you think North should declare on the second round? Answer tomorrow.

(Copyright, 1927, For The Constitution.)

HOUSE AND SENATE HOOPER PROPOSES FACE BUSY WEEK SHIPWAY ROUTE

Washington, January 2.—(P)—Its Christmas vacation over, congress will return to the capitol tomorrow to face a legislative task that must be tackled with coats off and sleeves rolled up if it is to be completed in the bare two months that remain of the present session.

The senate, with the impending fight over the seating of Frank L. Smith, of Illinois, has the harder job, but the house probably will find little time in which to twiddle its thumbs.

The fight against Smith, based on his part in the million dollar Illinois primary of last spring, is not expected to break before the middle of the week when the senator-designate arrives in Washington. In the meantime, however, both sides undoubtedly will formulate plans for the approaching battle.

Lausanne Treaty.

The prearranged program for the first day of the week promises little excitement in either house. The senate will devote the first two hours of the day to considering miscellaneous bills on the calendar after which the Lausanne treaty with Turkey awaiting ratification probably will be pulled up. The house is expected to tackle several unrelated matters.

Chairman Dempsey of the rivers and harbors committee has announced he will ask the house to agree at once to the senate amendments to the \$80,000,000 omnibus rivers and harbors act, provided Chicago joins in construction of the compensating works for restoration of lake levels.

Mr. Lawrence's construction, of which Mr. Hoover is chairman, appears to its report the following conclusions:

"The construction of the shipway from the Great Lakes to the sea is imperative both for the relief and for the future development of a vast area in the interior of the continent. The shipway should be constructed on the St. Lawrence route, provided suitable agreement can be reached with the joint undertaking with the dominion of Canada joins in the project."

Third: That the development of the power resources of the St. Lawrence should be undertaken by appropriate agencies.

Fourth: That negotiations should be entered into with Canada in an effort to arrive at an agreement upon all these subjects.

The United States should recognize the proper relations of New York to power development in the international.

Oppose Discrimination.

As it has lost one distant market after another, noted the drift of its industries in the seaboard the seafarers have cried out against discrimination in favor of the seaboard created by the Panama Canal. Seaboard competitors can ship by water more cheaply than midwestern producers not only because water is cheaper than rail transportation but because Panama Canal tolls are so low that they do not cover the combined cost of operation and interest on investment. The government foots the deficit and the midwestern pays its share of maintenance of an institution which has been detrimental economically to that region.

That the St. Lawrence shipway would relieve the interior of artificially created transportation disadvantages is the chief argument of the Hoover commission for undertaking the project.

"Construction of a shipway of sufficient depth to admit ocean shipping from the Atlantic to the Great Lakes will lessen the economic handicaps of adverse transportation costs to a vast area in the interior of the continent," says the report. "Within the United States it embraces all or large portions of the states of Ohio, Indiana, Kentucky, Illinois, Iowa, Missouri, Kansas, Nebraska, North and South Dakota, Montana, Wisconsin, Minnesota, Michigan, Pennsylvania and New York. It includes a large part of Canada. Within this area there are more than 40,000,000 inhabitants who gain their livelihood from its basic industries. It produces a vast

OUTLOOK'S GOOD, BUT SURVEY SAYS

R. G. Dun & Co.'s weekly review says:

"A year in which a number of new high records in business were attained has just closed with lessened activity, as was to be expected. Holiday influences have continued to depress operations in most quarters, while inventing, where not yet completed, has imposed additional restraint on commercial transactions. The final week of a year is rarely marked by important new developments; and the chief interest at this time usually centers on prospects for the future. Broadly viewed, the outlook appears now to be favorable, and confidence is the predominant sentiment. Basic conditions are, in the main, sound, and among the most prominent of the constructive factors is the sustained stability of commodity prices. This is a phase which has long been a source of variations in the index numbers have been relatively narrow, and Dun's list of wholesale quotations this week shows only a small excess of declines over gains."

The trend during most of this year has been in buyers' favor, but comparatively few violent changes have occurred, the great decline in the price for cotton being the outstanding exception. Current reports do not indicate that man commitments are being deferred because of a possibility of further appreciable concessions, although in some lines sharp competition of orders still exists. The margin of profit on individual goods has been reduced in numerous instances, but the aggregate of dealings has been so large that earnings of corporate institutions in many cases have increased. The steel industry, whose prosperity means so much to business generally, will enter upon the new year in a strong position, railroads and leather and footwear, are more promising, and it is reassuring that in practically every line there is continued disposition to keep operations on a wholesale basis.

Barometers Mainly Favorable.

The statistical barometers which measure the rise and fall of business activity, in the main, indicate a number of them are conspicuously favorable. Complete returns are not yet available, but preliminary reports indicate that several important groups have been attained. This is a true barometer, despite lower com-

surplus both from agriculture and manufacturers, much of which demands long transportation. There is a reciprocal inflow of commodities from its neighbor.

Under Disadvantages.

"These sections have always been under natural transportation disadvantages, in the exportation and importation of commodities. But the building of the Panama Canal artificially created a still further displacement of its competitive relations, and beyond this the necessary increase in railway rates following the war have shifted greatly the economic position of the mid-continental to the great detriment of that area."

"The problem has thus become of wide importance, not only because of the fundamental advantages of elimination of great wastes in transportation costs, but also because of the necessity for readjustment of adverse competitive relations of all the industries and agriculture throughout the mid-continental."

Argument on Costs.

"This becomes apparent if we cease to think of distance merely as a matter of miles and consider it in terms of cost. If we make as a unit of measurement in cents in carrying a ton of staple goods at present rates, taking the cheapest route in each case, we find that before the war, New York was 1904 c. away from San Francisco, while now it is only 1820 cents away. Chicago, which was 2010 cents away from the Pacific coast before the war, is today 2046 cents away. In other words, Chicago has moved 336 cents away from the Pacific coast, while New York has moved 224 cents closer."

A similar calculation will show that in the same period, since ocean rates have remained about the same, Chicago has moved 594 cents away from the markets of the Atlantic seaboard and South America. The same ratios apply to the other midwestern points. The increased transportation costs to world markets from the mid-continental have had serious results to agriculture. The rate increases affecting this section of from 6 to 18 cents per bushel upon grain have not been accompanied by similar increases in many agricultural commodities which compete with it, since they possess greater accessibility to the seaboard, and sea rates are about the same as before the war. Thus, the increase in American rates has been in large degree a deduction from the receipts of farmers in the mid-continental. With the completion of such a shipway, the freight rates would be substantially reduced and as a consequence the price levels of all grains, under the St. Lawrence transportation area would be increased accordingly."

Pianos Tinkle After Quake Rocks Towns

Calexico, Calif., January 2.—(P)—Recurrent tremors again shook the twin cities of Calexico, Calif., and Mexicali, Mexico, today, and five raised two buildings. A number of jolts were felt from midnight through this morning, several of them severe, sending loose bricks flying into the streets and widening already existing cracks in buildings.

The shocks, however, did not add materially to previous estimates of damage which place the property loss in the two border towns at approximately \$1,000,000.

The fire, which started in Mexicali today, destroyed two large two-story buildings. The exact cause of the fire was undetermined.

The Calexico fire department crossed the line to aid the Mexicali department, but was unable to save the structures, both departments working to prevent the flames from spreading.

Sunday crowds flocked to Mexicali today. Governor Rodriguez of Lower California rescinded the ban on operation of bars and gambling houses, and the tinkling of electric pianos mingled with the echoes of church bells in the streets.

Not a building or dwelling in Mexicali escaped unscathed from yesterday's shocks.

Another hotel, the Virginia hotel, a two-story brick structure, was condemned after the walls were found so badly shattered that it was feared the building would collapse.

The south end of the building of the St. Francis hotel, another two-story brick structure, showed wide cracks. The rear wall of the Overland hotel, two stories and of brick construction, was cracked and left in a tottering condition.

The outer walls at the northeast corner of the two-story brick building of the south end of the Overland hotel were cracked with openings about two inches wide.

Another hotel and store building at Imperial avenue and Third street, had its wall shattered and was in danger of collapse.

The Dool building, a two-story concrete structure, which houses the Central Bank of Imperial Valley, the Dr. R. O. Thompson clinic and hospital and the Mexican consulate, were badly damaged when the front portals of the bank building were shattered. The Anderson building, two-story concrete and tile structure, occupied by the First National bank and Imperial Hardware company, was badly damaged.

The outer walls at the southwest corner of the building were cracked and interior walls were criss-crossed with cracks.

The General Sherman building, one-story brick structure, was slightly damaged.

Brothers' two-story brick office building, which houses the Calexico Chronicle, was badly damaged with large crevices in the walls.

The top wall of the Jamestetter clothing store tumbled down and the top walls at the rear and one side of the Cavanaugh Grocery are down.

The entire rear wall of the Globe Oil Mill building, a single-story structure, involving a quarter of a block.

Life Useless, Student of 17 Kills Himself

New York, January 2.—Life to Rigby Wile was like the henchman of Scott, a beautiful purple growth, sweet enough to eat, but useless, futile. It gave him no thrill. It could lead him only to death.

Rigby Wile was almost 17, a brilliant student at Cornell University, and one of the four children of Dr. and Mrs. Ira S. Wile, of New York. He was a student of the philosophy of life.

He was spending the holidays at the home of his parents, and was to follow students to school today. He did not appear at breakfast, and no effort was made to awaken him until noon. The maid found him dead in his bed. He had shot himself with a .22 bore, single-shot, given him on his fourteenth birthday.

He had left three letters, two of them stamped, sealed and addressed to follow students to school today. He said in the letters that he was tired of his parents' life—that it was empty, empty.

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The decorations and dinner were in charge of the Wilmers club, Mrs. A. Collier, president, and there were nearly 100 people present. There were musical numbers by Miss Elizabeth Anderson, Mrs. June Faircloth and Harold Jones and talks were made by Rev. Henry T. Brookshire, Rev. T. J. Branson and Mrs. L. A. Conner. The program was under the direction of Dr. John A. Corry, vice president, were distributed, this feature being one of the most interesting and exciting of the evening.

The Civitan club is the only men's civic organization of the city and is quite active throughout the year.

Best Indies 2 CRUISES

Fascination at every port! Havana, Panama, Trinidad, Bermuda. Only a month away from home.

on the luxurious liner, Montreal, 21,500 tons displacement, 20 knots, and Empress of the West Indies... One management, ship and shore.

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A Perfect Food and a Good Tonic. Has enjoyed the confidence of the medical profession for over 30 years. E. J. Hart & Co., Ltd., New Orleans.

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What Will Happen This Year?

Chick Gandil Affirms Scandal Story of Swede Risberg

Entire White Sox Team Implicated By One-Time Star

Collins, Schalk and Rowland All "In," Gandil Avers—Declares Cobb Got No Part of Bribe—Says Risberg Told Only Half of Story.

El Paso, Texas, January 2.—(Special).—Every member of the famous White Sox team was involved in the deal in which the Chicago team "bought" a series from the Detroit Tigers in 1917, Chick Gandil, who is credited with being the master mind of the plot, said today.

Gandil is now manager of the Chicago baseball team at Hurley, N. Mex. He has a winter position with the Chicago Copper company at that place and is prospering in it.

Details of the thrown series were first revealed by Commissioner K. M. Landis Saturday by "Swede" Risberg, former shortstop with the White Sox. As the Swede told his story, Buck Weaver sat silently by and nodded assent. Weaver, one-time third baseman for the Sox, was manager of the Douglas, Ariz., team last year and is dolled by the baseball fans of El Paso. He has already been signed to play with Gandil in the Hurley-Santa Rita district this coming summer.

"I got the money from the Chicago boys and paid it over to the Detroit club," Gandil said, after being advised that Risberg had made known the details of the plot.

The confirmation was made in such a manner as to give Risberg's statements absolute veracity. At the time Gandil knew nothing of Risberg's trip to Chicago for a conference with Commissioner Landis. He was told that the Swede had made public the facts in connection with the purchasing of a series from Detroit in 1917, and then asked if the story was true.

Declined to Talk. He at first declined to either confirm or deny the story, pointing out that it wasn't his duty to "squawk" on other ball players. He was then told his name had been mentioned, and that he would be justified in relating his connection with the series.

"Well, I guess I might as well tell that part of it, at least," Gandil said. "Risberg knows half of the story. I know all of it. I handled the money, took it from the Sox and gave it to Bill James, who paid it over to the Detroit players who were in on the deal."

"I didn't regard that money as bribe money. It was just a little present to the Detroit players."

Gandil then gave other details of the plot that tallied in all particulars with the story which Risberg told Landis, although Gandil had not until that time been advised that Risberg and Weaver had been before the commissioner.

"Ray Schalk, Eddie Collins and Rowland were all in it, and I personally got the money from Schalk and Collins," Gandil said.

"We put \$25,000 into the pot, every man sharing equally. The entire club knew about it, but Weaver alone refused to donate any money toward it."

"Weaver says that he gave Oscar Vitt a handbag as his share in the contribution," Gandil was asked, "is that true?" "I don't know anything about that, but if he paid it over to me, it must be true," said Gandil. "I only know that Buck didn't have a share in the pot."

Gandil's story vindicates Ty Cobb. "I know that Ty didn't receive any of our money, and didn't even know of the deal," he said.

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BUSH, SCHALK, MINNIS AND COLLINS FACE RUIN

White Sox Staged Stolen Base Orgy In 'Thrown' Games

Detroit, Mich., January 2.—(AP).—An orgy of base running as rarely has been reported in major league baseball, took place in the two consecutive doubleheaders played in September, 1917, and which it now charges were "sloughed" by Detroit to assure Chicago of a pennant.

Twenty-one bases were stolen by White Sox in the four games, Eddie Collins, a fast base runner always, was particularly busy, in one game he stole three bases.

Ray Schalk, now manager of the White Sox and notoriously slow on the bases, is also credited with one sack.

"It is pointed out that wild base running is often due to the deliberateness of the opposing pitcher, and some significance in this view of the matter is the fact that the Detroit pitchers were the principal beneficiaries of the fund collected among Chicago players as payment to Detroit for alleged 'sloughing'."

The money was turned over to the Detroit club and a couple of weeks after the Detroit club took things easy in a series to help us win the pennant. I went to Philadelphia to pay the money to the Detroit team and Risberg went with me.

"Risberg knows plenty but he doesn't know half as much as I do. Risberg and Buck and the others know only what's on the surface. I could tell a story that would shake baseball to its foundations and that would involve many more men than Risberg's story, players that the Swede doesn't know anything about."

Declined to Talk. He at first declined to either confirm or deny the story, pointing out that it wasn't his duty to "squawk" on other ball players. He was then told his name had been mentioned, and that he would be justified in relating his connection with the series.

"Well, I guess I might as well tell that part of it, at least," Gandil said. "Risberg knows half of the story. I know all of it. I handled the money, took it from the Sox and gave it to Bill James, who paid it over to the Detroit players who were in on the deal."

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HAWK-EYE-ING SPORTS

Who Blocked 'Dat Punt?' The question now is, who blocked 'dat punt'.

It seems that every time the Crimson Tide invades the west there comes a mystery to give the sports writers and lobby experts something to argue about.

Last year it was "who threw that pass" and this year it is "who blocked 'dat punt'." Three wire services come to this desk and in each of the three stories some different man is credited with blocking the punt.

Pearce, Bowdoin and Winslett are all credited with the stroke which led to the lone score of the Tide and which turned defeat into a tie. We are not going to settle the question at this writing for the very simple reason that we could not do so, but a few remarks about the game as we saw it "second-hand" might not be amiss.

At every turn we are greeted with the same song—"Alabama must have had a horseshoe in that game!" "Wasn't the Tide lucky?"—and many other such remarks which seem to us to be out of place and not backed by sound calculation.

Yes, it is true that the Pacific coast champions gained nearly three times as much ground from scrimmage and the Cardinals completed 12 passes out of 16 attempts, whereas the Tide completed but one pass in the whole game, but let us draw a simple comparison.

If the Crackers were playing the Barons and the Birmingham outfit clouted the ball ten times safely for a total of three runs while the Crackers gleaned four hits but bunched them in one inning and scored the same number of runs for a tie, would you say that the Crackers did not deserve the tie?

It is not the number of base hits that counts so much as just when they come. If the Barons committed an error late in the game when they were leading and the Crackers took advantage of that error to tie the score, would you say that the Crackers were lucky?

Perhaps a mistake on the part of an opponent is a bit of luck for his opponent BUT if the error is turned into a gain for the opposition, can that be called luck? We think not.

On the face of the thing, it seems that Alabama was 'lucky' to make it a tie game when they were being outplayed offensively all the way, but again it comes back to the baseball proposition—this is the timely hit that counts and it must be remembered that fielding plays an important part in a baseball game. Every time the Crackers hit the bases loaded and the heavy end of their batting list at the plate the fielders of the Tide would mow them down and the inning would end.

That may be luck. Call it what you like and it may be that our view of the game at this distance is distorted, but it goes against the grain when we hear someone crediting Alabama's stand entirely to Lady Luck, the fickle dame who is so little understood and so much abused.

Jones-Stribling Match Wins Place In Fight Finals

Larry Avera Loses Toss To Headline Card—Slashing Card From Beginning to End is Arranged By Millers—Abel To Referee.

Transfer of Pa Stribling's financial interest in his son, William Lawrence, to Walk Miller for one year, which was announced Saturday night, has served to stimulate the enthusiasm over boxing in Atlanta which should add tremendously to the attendance at the Tuesday night affair.

For one thing, Young Stribling, the lad who will now set said for the world's heavyweight championship will be there, in the capacity of second to his brother, Herbert, in his bout with Tommy Jones, and perhaps also to Honey Boy Snipes, another of Pa's underlings, who boxes Benny Reagan, of Atlanta.

W. L. will be introduced from the ring along with his new manager, Walk Miller, who incidentally is a promoter with his brother, Abel, of Charlotte, and Larry Avera, of Atlanta, and a six-round event that will bring out Roy Clark, of the Miller stable, and Happy Hunter for six rounds.

The Miller boys intended to promote shows here regularly during the winter months and naturally feel eager to get away to a running start with a splendid entertainment the first night.

They have, therefore, listed the best boys they could find and have arrived at three well-made matches for their feature.

Larry Avera, who has been protesting over his position of semi-finalist in the card, Sunday agreed to the toss of a coin to decide whether he would box Stribling or Jones and won the fight in the final slot, and Larry lost, thus the program as originally arranged will stand.

That means Snipes and Reagan will follow Clark and Hunter; then will come Avera and Webb and bringing up the rear will be Herbert and Tommy.

Announcement of the referee for the two final bouts was made Sunday after a conference of the promoters with Jack Abel, who has consented to serve "Ches" place is looking for a rush for seats today and Tuesday, for truly the show has possibilities.

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S. S. A. A. PLANS FIVE GAMES MONDAY NIGHT

After playing two rounds of games the Sunday School Athletic association teams will get down to real business with the five games to be played tonight at the Atlanta Athletic club, starting at 7:15 o'clock.

Although none of the four leaders play each other, there will still be plenty of action to satisfy the fans, and the action craved will not be in getting started for in the very first game the dramatic boys of T. N. T. class of Baptist Tabernacle hook up with the Pryor Street Presbyterian basketballers.

Pray, N. T. class lost last game, that being the first game of the season.

Leonard, who is leading the national league in the Pryor Street Presbyterian basketballers, N. T. class lost last game, that being the first game of the season.

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Clarence Rowland, Big League Umpire, Is Also Involved

Spark From December Rocket Touches Off Holocaust in January—Story of Risberg Can Be Easily Proved But Is Met With Wave of Denials

New York, January 2.—Three major league managers, an assistant manager and an American league umpire may be driven out of organized baseball of the charges made

"A population of 500,000 by 1930" is Atlanta's Slogan. Let's all pull together for a Greater Atlanta.

The Constitution's Weekly Business Review

EDITED BY M. D. GLEASON

There is hardly a need or a want that cannot be filled in Atlanta's stores and factories.

Some Things World Wants That Are Made in America

Wagons, carts, a steamer and harness are included with vacuum cleaners, toys, bathing suits, casket trimmings, canned goods, cameras, radio sets, shovels, plows, sporting goods, sewing machines and chewing gum in a list of world trade openings for the sale of American goods, made public today by the department of commerce.

Canada and Australia and the countries lying between are inquiring for the purchase of our goods. Argentina wants electrical wiring devices, Columbia inquires for dental equipment. Germany wants to buy sport clothes. South Africa inquires for paint-spraying machines.

Detailed information on the many inquiries which have reached the department through American trade envoys stationed abroad is available to firms and individuals upon application to any district or cooperative office of the bureau of foreign and domestic commerce centrally located throughout the United States.

Harry O. Mitchell represents the department in the southeast with offices at 538 Atlanta Postoffice building.

Argentina—Dolls; hardware; nuts; screws; wiring supplies; electrical.

Australia—Bathing suits and other bathing equipment; camping equipment; specialized particularly for motorists; motorcycle accessories; sporting goods; rubber; sporting goods; wearing apparel; sport.

Austria—Cheating gum; leather; imitation machinery for manufacturing wooden heels; toilet preparations, soaps and perfumes.

Brazil—Furniture and casket trimmings and supplies; textile; hardware; casket; harness; automobile; lead of metal wreaths.

Canada—Toys.

China—Ammonia sulphate; belting leather; thread, six-cord, white, for lace; upper leathers.

Columbia—Dental equipment and supplies, for schools.

Czechoslovakia—Lubricating oils, automobile parts.

England—Flour, wheat, fine or medium quality; sugar, 5,000 tons annually.

France—Bulbs, calculating.

Germany—Adding machines; furniture, office, metal and wood; household articles; hardware and fasteners for automobile bodies and tops; leather, imitation, for automobile tops; oil; pine; printing machinery, supplies and accessories; sewing machines; tools; work; typewriters; vacuum cleaners; washing machines; wearing apparel; sport; duplicating machines.

Italy—Photographic supplies.

Japan—Cameras, quick-developing.

Mexico—Axes; crockets; cultivators; carts; log; laboring oil; gasoline; harrows; plows; spades; shovels; sawmills, portable, 12, for cutting pine and oak trees; tools; sawmills and logging; wire, barbed; wagons, one- and two-wheeled.

Persia—Steamer, secondhand, suitable for cattle transportation, displacement, 600 to 800 tons.

Porto Rico—Chlorine, liquid.

Spain—Radio sets and parts.

Switzerland—Hosiery, rayon; machinery for extracting pectin from apples; paraffin wax.

Yugo-Slavia—Tinplate.

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Progressive Mattress Firm Pleasing Their Customers

At 199 Bankhead avenue are two young men who are expert mattress makers and mattress renovators. These young men have worked for some of the other large mattress companies for many years, but noticing the fact that there were no mattress factories or renovating plants in their side of town began business for themselves a little more than a year ago.

Since that time they have built up a trade that amounts to a large volume.

Both young men agreed at the very outset that all work leaving their factory would be as promised and this fact alone has been a big factor in keeping them and their men busy and working overtime.

As mattress renovating must often be done in a hurry, like laundry work, the Superior Mattress company is well equipped.

If given a call over the phone, Hemlock 9274, between 8 o'clock and 9 o'clock in the morning, the company can, when necessary, call

for the old or soiled mattress and return it as a new one the same afternoon or night.

Most of their work results from good words of pleased customers. The method is to give a call and request the company to send a man with samples of tickings so that the owner may select just what class cheap, good, or fancy ticking they may wish for covering and when the selection and reasonable price is agreed upon, the mattress is taken and then the work is done. It is returned at the time agreed upon.

It is this kind of service that wins friends and friends means new customers, and this live and enterprising young firm wants more friends during the new year. They ask that all who want good mattress work quickly to give them a ring and a man and the best line of the latest thing in mattress coverings will be at the requested place at the time convenient to those making the request.

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As evidence of the good faith of the Tubercle laboratories and their profound belief in the merits of their treatment, they have offered free treatment to all who may be suffering with tuberculosis and who are unable to pay for same. This offer is also being made to all fraternal and charitable organizations in Atlanta as rapidly as their representatives can call upon them.

POPULAR SCREEN MAKERS LOOKING FOR BANNER YEAR

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til it is fully screened. They also know that every dollar they spend in Georgia continues to serve Georgia people.

"Our organization is better able than ever to do screen work of the better kind. This, coupled with the fact that we use the very best of materials, and with experienced men, enables us to confidently invite every man or woman contemplating any screen work to call us at Ivy 2038, and we will be pleased to give some close figures on early screen work."

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Honolulu, January 2.—Four were killed and 30 injured in miscellaneous accidents in Honolulu New Year's celebrations. Four may lose their eyesight as a result of fireworks being tossed into automobiles.

More than \$80,000,000 worth of diamonds were brought into the United States in 1926 and more than \$10,000,000 worth of other precious stones. The average cost of diamonds, close to \$400 a carat, was double that of previous days.

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Erlanger Theater.

"The Big Parade" returns tonight to Atlanta, where it will be seen after this time at the beautiful new Erlanger theater. After tonight, two performances will be given daily, at 2:30 and 8:30. It is a masterpiece of the art of the picture, the teller of the story will fail to impart his enthusiasm. To understand the greatness and splendor, the dramatic intensity and the colossal import of "The Big Parade," nothing but seeing it for one's self can possibly do the work. A war picture of the fiercest, most pathetic, most dramatic and most cruel of all wars, "The Big Parade" tells the story of the hell and fury which raged in Europe and the frightfulness of the ravages and the brutality that engulfed France in 1914. The beginning of the picture, until the very last echo has sounded when the final curtain call comes, Laurence Stallings has told the story superbly. Having been a newspaper man, as well as a soldier in the war, he has reported the scenes accurately and with a daring which is almost unbelievable. King Vidor has made a magnificent presentation of it, his directing of the picture being one of the greatest achievements that has ever been known in the cinema world. As to the performers, John Gilbert and Renee Adoree are perfect in the leading roles, while Karl Dane, the handsome man, but one of the most lovable, is an outstanding figure acting the role of "Slim" with marvelous effect. Rewarded with a standing ovation at the Erlanger theater box office, open from 10 a. m. to 9 p. m.

The Forsyth.

"The Family Upstairs," one of the great American comedies one frequently hears about and rarely ever gets a chance to rave over, is coming to the Forsyth theater this week with an all-star cast selected from the Forsyth Players group.

This rollicking, laugh-producing Broadway sensation, perhaps has more laughs to its credit than any show that ever showed Broadway how to giggle. It is as full of chuckles as the proverbial pup of the flea episode. It's a genuine rattle, a tantalizing scream from start to finish and with the carrier of a lesson in family life that will linger long after memories of many popular shows have faded away.

Tonight's curtain goes up at 8:20 and matinees at 2:30. Shows are scheduled for Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays.

Loew's Grand.

Monday will mark the return to Atlanta of the world's most famous pair of comedians, McIntyre and Heath, foremost originators of black-face comedy in two of their classic comedy sketches. The first will be offered the first three days of the week and is the famous "The Man From Montana." The last three days of the week McIntyre and Heath will present "Flying To Jail." In both they will be assisted by F. Bud Williamson. The appearance of these famous stars of "The Ham Tree,"

KEITH-ALBEE
GEORGIA
THEATRE

2—HEADLINERS—2

MR. AL TUCKER'S

SOCIETY ORCHESTRA

PARISIAN ART

EVA CLARK

with

DAN CASLAR

VILLA & STRIGO

MANNY KING & CO.

IN GREENWICH VILLAGE

FEATURE PHOTO PLAY

"THE OLD SOAK"

Vaudeville at 3:15-6:45-9:10

Feature 2:30-5-8-10:15

LOEW'S GRAND

THEATRE

ALL THIS WEEK

AT 3:30-6:50-9:10 P. M.

AMERICA'S GREATEST BLACKFACE COMEDIANS

McIntyre & Heath

ASSISTED BY F. BUD WILLIAMSON IN

"THE MAN FROM MONTANA"

—ALSO—

COOK & OATMAN

JAPONETTE & EDWARD

RINALDO

MITCHELL & DARLING

ON THE SCREEN

AT 2:30-7:30-10 P. M.

A METRO-GOLDWYN-MAVER PICTURE

AFTS. 15c-25c. NIGHTS, 15c-30c-50c

ERLANGER

PEACHTREE ST., AT NORTH AVE.

TONIGHT

AT 8:30—THEREAFTER

TWICE DAILY, AT 2:30-8:30

It's here!

King Vidor's Picturization

of Laurence Stallings'

Stirring World Story

The BIG

PARADE

Starring John Gilbert

with Renee Adoree

A METRO-GOLDWYN-MAVER PRODUCTION

PRICES: NIGHTS, 50c, 75c, \$1.00, \$1.50. SEATS NOW



DECEMBER 17, 1775, WAS A MONTH OF GREAT TRIAL AND ANXIETY TO WASHINGTON. THE TROOPS WHOSE ENLISTMENT TERM HAD EXPIRED WERE RAPIDLY LEAVING. FEW RECRUITS CAME TO REPLACE THEM. IN SPITE OF WASHINGTON'S VIGOROUS CAMPAIGN FOR RE-ENLISTMENT, JANUARY 1, 1776, THE COLONIAL ARMY DESIGNED BOSTON DID NOT EXCEED TEN THOUSAND. THEY HAD NO UNIFORMS AND WERE STILL POORLY EQUIPPED. NEVERTHELESS WASHINGTON'S GENIUS FOR LEADERSHIP ENABLED THE ARMY TO MAINTAIN ITS POSITION DURING THESE PERILOUS MONTHS.



THE FEDERATED COLONIES HAD USED NO ONE FLAG SINCE THE WAR OPENED. WASHINGTON HAD LONG FELT THE GREAT NECESSITY OF A SINGLE FLAG, AND A SINGLE UNIFORM, TO DEVELOP AN ESPIRIT DE CORPS AND A FEELING OF UNITY AND COMMON CAUSE BOTH AMONG THE SOLDIERS AND CIVILIANS. AND SO, JANUARY 2, 1776, HE RAISED OVER CAMBRIDGE, MASS. THE FIRST ENGLISH OF THE FEDERATED COLONIES. IT IS KNOWN AS THE GRAND UNION FLAG. ON A BLUE FIELD WERE COMBINED THE CROSSES OF ST. ANDREW AND ST. GEORGE SYMBOLIZING THE UNION OF SCOTLAND AND ENGLAND. THIS FLAG BORE THIRTEEN ALTERNATE RED AND WHITE STRIPES, REPRESENTING THE THIRTEEN COLONIES. THE KING'S COLORS ON THE BLUE FIELD SHOWED THAT THE COLONIES STILL ACKNOWLEDGED THE SOVEREIGNTY OF GREAT BRITAIN. FOR, DESPITE THE STRUGGLE AT THIS TIME, THERE WAS NO THOUGHT OF INDEPENDENCE OF THE MOTHER COUNTRY.



UNDER WASHINGTON'S INSTRUCTIONS, GENERAL PUTNAM, WHO WAS AN EXCEEDINGLY ENERGETIC OFFICER, ERECTED A BATTERY ON PHIPPS FARM WHERE THE GREAT CANNON, "CONGRESS," WAS MOUNTED, CONSTITUTING A GREAT THREAT TO THE BRITISH IN BOSTON. WEEKS OF GENERAL HENRY KNOX HAD BEEN SENT TO PICK UP THE CANNON AND MILITARY STORES WHICH THE AMERICANS HAD CAPTURED THERE. HE NOW PROVISIONALLY ARRIVED AT CAMBRIDGE WITH THESE PRICELESS STORES. SPRING WAS AT HAND AND AFTER A WINTER OF TERRIBLE HARSHNESS AND HARDSHIP, WASHINGTON WAS READY FOR AGGRESSIVE ACTION.

The executive board of O'Keefe, P. T. A. will meet Friday morning, January 7, at 10 o'clock at the school auditorium Tuesday afternoon, January 8, at 3 o'clock. This is to be a special prayer service, and all members of the tenth ward union are urged to be present. The citizenship class, taught by Mrs. Emmett Quinn, will meet at 2:30 o'clock.

The Tenth Ward W. C. T. U. will hold the first meeting of the new year at the Stewart Avenue Methodist church Thursday afternoon, January 6, at 3 o'clock. This is to be a special prayer service, and all members of the tenth ward union are urged to be present. The citizenship class, taught by Mrs. Emmett Quinn, will meet at 2:30 o'clock.

The Theosophical society announces the removal of the Atlanta lodge from 323 Peachtree street to rooms 202 and 203 Peachtree building, Peachtree and Baker streets. Meetings are held at 8 o'clock every Wednesday evening at 8 o'clock.

The meeting of the Atlanta Humane society will be held in Chamber of Commerce building Wednesday afternoon at 3 o'clock. All members are urged to be present.

Millions Are Lost

In Tire Company

War in Britain

BY DAVID DARRAH.

(By Leased Wire to The Constitution and The Chicago Tribune.)

London, January 2.—The millions of dollars are being lost by British motor tire companies in consequence of the price cutting war being waged by French and American companies in Great Britain.

During one month since the war started Dunlop common shares sank from \$22,000,000 to \$10,000,000, representing a loss to the shareholders of 5,000,000 pounds (about \$25,000,000).

The latest news in the war was made yesterday when the North British company reduced its price 5 per cent below the price of any foreign tire in the future, it is announced that they will adopt the American system of not publishing retail prices.

Buyers watching the market say the American companies will again make further cuts next week, responding to the latest move by the North British company.

The war started here December 7, when Michelin announced a 20 per cent cut in prices and the American companies followed. Dunlop was forced to make a 10 per cent cut and then another five per cent reduction, but refused to cut further.

The British manufacturers charge that the French are taking advantage of the exchange rate to dump tires on the English market. The American price cuts are called an outright move to break the Stevenson scheme controlling the production of raw rubber, which Great Britain probably has a monopoly. With \$35,000,000 worth of tires in the market, the British tire makers fear they cannot survive unless they are supported better by the British government.

There are more women in the war than ever before. The British government is now recruiting women for the war effort.

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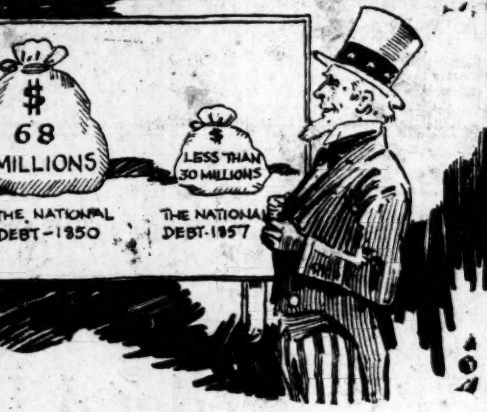
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HIGH LIGHTS OF HISTORY

Registered U. S. Patent Office.



WITH THE INAUGURATION OF JAMES BUCHANAN (MARCH 4, 1857) AS PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES, THE NATION LOOKED FORWARD HOPEFULLY TO FOUR YEARS OF PEACE. IN HIS ADDRESS, BUCHANAN PRAYED FOR HARMONY AND AN END TO THE QUARREL OVER SLAVERY.



IN SPITE OF THE TROUBLED POLITICAL SITUATION, THE NATION HAD PROSPERED. THE NATIONAL DEBT, WHICH IN 1850 WAS 68 MILLION DOLLARS, HAD BEEN REDUCED TO LESS THAN 30 MILLIONS.



THERE WAS SUCH A LARGE SURPLUS IN THE TREASURY FROM REVENUES FROM THE WALKER TARIFF OF 1846, THAT IN FEBRUARY, 1857, THE RATES WERE REDUCED BY FROM 20 TO 50 PER CENT.



BUSINESS WAS BOOMING, AND THE COUNTRY WAS ON THE CRESCENT OF A WAVE OF GREAT PROSPERITY. THE ONLY DARK CLOUD ON THE NATIONAL HORIZON WAS THE PERSISTENT SLAVERY CONTROVERSY.

TOMORROW—THE CASE OF DRED SCOTT.

Mountaineers Now Bringing

Bibles, Not Guns, To School

BEREA DEAN SHOWS CHANGE IN CONDITIONS

Boston, January 2.—(AP)—Kentucky mountaineers are being taught to come to school with their Bibles and not their guns. William Jesse Baird, dean of the foundation-junior high school of Berea (Ky.), said in an address prepared for delivery before the Old South Meeting house forum here today.

Professor Baird, a native of Kentucky and the son of a mountaineer preacher, described the conditions that have faced the people of Appalachian America which embraces 227 counties in Kentucky, Virginia, West Virginia, Tennessee, North Carolina, South Carolina, Alabama and Georgia.

The dean described the work being done by the little mountain school and said the need for Berea college was "to set a better educational example for the south-hungry mountaineers who are awakening to the value of an education and seeking it no matter what might be the cost."

He told of preachers who said that when they first came to school they carried guns, but were now carrying Bibles, and of a Georgia boy who rode his bicycle over the mountains to get to school.

He told of a boy who had a bicycle over the mountains to get to school. He told of a boy who had a bicycle over the mountains to get to school.

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Youth's Suicide Laid to Failure in Love Affair

(By Leased Wire to The Constitution and The Chicago Tribune.)

New York, January 2.—Believing himself disappointed in love, Alfred Kehoe, 21, accountant and student at the Evening College of Brooklyn, committed suicide today by jumping from the Washington bridge to the Harlem River, 200 feet below.

He had wanted his last night on earth to be pleasant, so the youth, with a letter to his parents confessing the admitted deed in his pocket, had gone to a Broadway hotel where he plunged from the bridge. After the show he visited several friends in the Washington Heights district—to bid them his last farewell.

That was on Saturday night. Early Sunday morning he left the home of the last friend on whom he called. He wandered about the streets, it is believed, until 3:45 a. m. when he walked onto the bridge, scaled the stone side wall, took one last look at the glimmering lights of the city and let himself drop.

The body was found by a passing motorist at 4 a. m. The hour of the death was fixed by the hands of a watch in his pocket which stopped when the crystal was shattered.

When told of his son's death and after learning the contents of the letter, John Kehoe gave out a statement in which he said the boy had no reason to feel disappointed in the affections of his sweetheart, named only as "Eleanor."

"The young woman involved is very fond of him," said the suicide's father, adding that they had been engaged to be married.

The parents blamed overstudy for the mental depression which resulted in the youth taking his life.

CHARLOTTE PAPER TO BE PUBLISHED IN \$500,000 HOME

Charlotte, N. C., January 2.—(AP.)—The Charlotte Observer today moved into its new \$500,000 building at Tryon and Stone wall streets. Mechanical and news departments and The Associated Press office were moved after the Sunday morning edition of the paper had been issued from the old quarters at 33 Church street where the newspaper was located for many years.

The new Observer building was designed and erected by Lockwood, Greene and Company of Charlotte, and is one of the most modern newspaper buildings in the south. The business office is located on the first floor with quarters for the advertising force on a mezzanine floor that takes the place of the second floor. The editorial, news and composing rooms are located on the third floor.

THE CONSTITUTION Classified Advertising

Daily and Sunday rates per line for consecutive insertions:

Three times	17 cents
Seven times	30 cents
One month	\$2.50
Three months	\$7.00
Six months	\$12.50
One year	\$20.00

Charged ad will be received by telephone. Ad ordered for three or seven days and stopped before expiration will be charged for the number of times the ad appears, and adjustments made in rate earned.

Errors in advertisements made by advertiser will be corrected. The Constitution will not be responsible for more than one incorrect insertion.

PHONE YOUR CLASSIFIED ADS and ask for our card.

Phone for our messenger.

WALNUT 6165

TAXICABS

ATLANTA BAGGAGE AND CAB COMPANY. BLACK AND WHITE CAB BAGGAGE SERVICE. WALNUT 6200.

RAILROAD SCHEDULES

Schedules Published as Information. ATLANTA TERMINAL STATION.

8:30 a.m.	Brunswick-Waycross	8:30 p.m.	STU
8:30 a.m.	Wilton-Dunnellsville	8:30 p.m.	TRI
Arrives	A. & W. P. R. R.	Leaves	
6:35 p.m.	Newnan-Montgomery	7:50 a.m.	NEW
6:35 p.m.	Newnan-Columbus	7:50 a.m.	NEW
6:35 p.m.	Montgomery Local	8:15 p.m.	USE
7:40 a.m.	New Orleans-Montgomery	4:30 p.m.	NEW
10:40 a.m.	Newnan-Columbus	4:45 p.m.	NEW
12:30 p.m.	New Orleans-Montgomery	5:40 p.m.	NEW
Ar-	C. OF GA. RY.	Leaves	
6 a.m.	Mac-Sav-Alb-Thomp	7:45 a.m.	QUA
6 p.m.	Mac-Mt-Mtami-Tampa	6:50 p.m.	QUA
7 p.m.	Mac-Jax-Mtami-Tampa	8:45 a.m.	QUA
7 p.m.	Mac-Alb-Albany-Mills	1:00 p.m.	QUA
8:30 a.m.	Mac-Jax-Mtami-Tampa	6:50 p.m.	QUA
8:00 a.m.	Mac-Alb-Albany-Mills	7:45 p.m.	QUA
8:35 p.m.	Mac-Mt-Mtami-Tampa	7:45 p.m.	QUA
8:35 p.m.	Mac-Mt-Mtami-Tampa	7:45 p.m.	QUA
8:35 p.m.	Mac-Mt-Mtami-Tampa	7:45 p.m.	QUA
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Campaigns to Increase American Election Vote Prove Complete Failure

National Civic Federation Admits That Efforts Have Been in Vain. New Plan Is Necessary.

New York, January 2.—(AP)—A pathetic report cannot be "hurled" to the polls, according to an "unpleasant conclusion" reached by the National Civic Federation, which made diligent nonpartisan efforts in the recent election to get out a heavy vote. In the announcement, made today, failure to equal the votes in the off year election of 1922 is reported in 24 states, while in 41 states the votes fell far behind the 1924 presidential year figures.

This poor showing is, despite the fact that the Civic federation had the cooperation of the American Legion, the General Federation of Women's Clubs, National League of Women Voters, American Federation of Labor, the United States Chamber of Commerce, Daughters of the American Revolution, National Education association, women's department of the National Civic Federation, National Federation of Business and Professional Women's Clubs, International Kiwanis and Lions clubs, National Grange, National Fraternal Congress and United States Junior Chamber of Commerce.

Organizations Aided. The National Association of Manufacturers conducted a vigorous national get-out-the-vote campaign of its own and the American Legion held meetings to stimulate voting in more than 1,000 cities and towns. Some of the organizations named also conducted separate campaigns.

Results were reported by John Hays Hammond, chairman of the department on political education of the Civic federation. Elliu Root is honorary chairman of the department and the vice chairmen include Governor Smith of New York; Senator Capper of Kansas; Frank L. Polk, former acting secretary of state, and former Governor Frank O. Lowden, of Illinois. In his report, outlining the details of the drive, Mr. Hammond said: "Let us not deceive ourselves but face the facts, however disquieting they may be. Comparison with both the 1924 and the 1922 vote fails to reveal any cause for gratulation over the results of our 1926 work."

"While in seven states—Arizona, Utah, Vermont, Maryland, Kentucky, New Mexico and Wyoming—the 1926 vote exceeded by 345,000 that of 1924, in the remaining 41 states the 1926 vote was 7,000,000 less than that of 1924. However, 1924 having been a

PRIVATE LOANS
On Diamond, Western, and
W. M. LEWIS & CO.
4TH FLOOR PETERS BLDG.

COAL • COAL
Best Quality Furnace Block.....\$7.50
High Grade Kentucky Egg.....\$7.50
High Grade Kentucky Block.....\$8.00
CHILES COAL CO.
IVy 1494

FOR RENT
Filling Station Location
Corner Spring and Walton Streets
Tanks, Office and Drives Ready for Business. Just
Vacated. Business Already Established.
A. G. Rhodes & Son, Rhodes Bldg.

TRUSTEE'S SALE
Millinery Stock, Office Equipment and Machinery
Pursuant to an order of the Hon. Harry Dodd, Referee in Bankruptcy, the trustee will offer for sale to the highest bidder for cash, in the office of the referee, 225 Grant Building, Atlanta, Ga., at ten o'clock A. M., January 3, 1927, all the stock, office equipment and machinery of
The Standard Hat Manufacturing Company, Inc.
Said assets consisting of: Finished and unfinished hats, forms, velvets, braids, ribbons, felts, straw frames, crochets, bands, different kinds of sewing machines, blocking machines, aluminum forms and dies, motors, 220 gallons whiting, 150 pounds glue, 100 pounds tallow, 100 pounds grease, 100 pounds lard, and other millinery equipment. Inventory totals \$31,412.06. Also this open account of said company, totaling \$6,500, at the same time.
Said sale is subject to the confirmation of the court.
For further information and inventory, see the undersigned.
J. D. THOMAS, Referee.
1318 Atlanta Trust Co. Bldg., WALnut 7076.
DILLON, CALHOUN & DILLON, Attorneys,
1045 Hart Bldg., WALnut 4771.

COAL
Highest Quality
Prompt Delivery
KIRKWOOD COAL CO.
DE. 1795

RECEIVER'S SALE
Before the Court House Door Tuesday, January 4, at 10 A. M.
588-590 Marietta street, small brick store.
514 Metropolitan street, six-room frame house.
561-563 Marietta street, two three-room houses.
415-5 E. Washington street, East Point, two frame houses.
For information apply to
FRAMPTON E. ELLIS, Receiver. 627 Healey Bldg., WALnut 3740

COAL BLOCK, Per Ton \$8.00
EGG, Per Ton - \$7.50
D. H. THOMAS COAL CO. WAL. 9279

FOR SALE
Flat newspaper paper suitable for small publishers and job printers. The price is right.
P.O. Box 1731, Atlanta, Ga.

Dois and Coaster Wagons Await Industrious Workers

BOYS AND GIRLS CAN EARN SPLENDID TOYS

Christmas time is the time to receive gifts but since Santa has come and gone, remember, New Year is the time to make resolutions and earn something that can be enjoyed.

How many boy and girls in Atlanta have looked with longing eyes at some lucky youngster wheeling a pretty wagon down a long hill or watched eagerly some little girl dress her dolls?

There's no need to look longingly any more for The Constitution is extending a generous offer to give a beautiful doll or a fine roller coaster wagon to any industrious boy or girl.

The offer is simple—just get three month subscriptions to The Constitution, bring them in and receive either the doll or the wagon.

Just before Christmas The Constitution made this offer to any many boys and girls began right then to get subscriptions. Many began the work but failed to get the necessary number of subscriptions and during the Christmas rush or excitement over Santa's visit didn't finish. Right

now is a fine time to finish the job and get a Vanity Flossie doll or a roller coaster wagon.

There is only a limited supply of both and the rule of "First come—first served" will be in order. Now is the time to get busy. A few hours' work may be necessary but think of the many hours of pleasure you will receive.

There's nothing really worth while unless you want to work just a little for it and The Constitution made this offer so every boy and girl need not depend on mother or dad all the time to buy their toys.

Swift, easy riding, "Constitution Express" roller coasters and "Vanity Flossie" dolls, queens of the doll family, are now waiting to be enjoyed.

Just remember the time is limited and somebody that works just a little faster may beat you to these handsome new toys, so take a few hours right now and get three of your friends to subscribe to The Constitution for six months and then tell your young friends how easy it was.

Chicago Girl Added to Toll Of Gangland

Woman Is "Taken for Ride" for First Time in Underworld History.

(By Leased Wire to The Constitution and The Chicago Tribune)

Chicago, Ill., January 2.—(AP)—A young slumped in the middle of a lonely roadway, the body of a young woman dead from a bullet through her brain, loomed into the glare of the spotlight on a city bound bus in the grey dawn of Sunday morning.

Police became aware that for the first time in the significant argot of the underworld, a woman had been "taken for a ride."

With identification of the body a few hours later as that of Mrs. Valeria Tymus, 17 years old, police began the unraveling of this underworld mystery.

"In the underworld, a woman is safe from attacks by her own troops and mine."

Oregon, for the express purpose of attempting to entangle the wife of a department of justice agent here, said that I had ordered the Yaqui Indians to attack trains passing through the California line, or some point on the alleged train attacks was made in an attempt to take his life.

"I have advised the Yaquis that if they expect to join me in Oregon, they must not molest any trains and as for the attempt Oregon claims was made against his life, I think that Oregon is too much afraid of the Yaquis to ever enter their territory."

Whether De La Huerta will cross the border at Tia Juana, along the California line, or some point on the international boundary in Arizona, he refused to disclose.

At all events he declared that his plans were near completion and the most sweeping revolution against the "malpractices of President Calles and Obregon," would shortly be under way.

De La Huerta refused to discuss the present international situation any other than to say that in his opinion, promises made by President Calles and General Obregon are no longer respected by either the Mexican people or foreign governments.

LABOR TO CONTINUE WAR ON COMMUNISTS

New York, January 2.—Ridding its ranks of all ultra-radical, destructive and revolutionary elements, the labor task to which organized labor has set itself for the new year.

In a statement in which he views with satisfaction achievements of labor in the past year and expresses optimism for 1927, Matthew Woll, vice president of the American Federation of Labor, declares the Communist movement is a serious menace to the labor ranks will continue.

"We have fought the fight of democracy against communism," he said, "referring to activities of the year just closed. "We have turned upon it all the energy of our beings, fighting it as we would the devil himself, out of our homes. We count the result as satisfying and gratifying beyond words to express."

"Natural and normal forces can be allowed to work in their own way. There is no reason why the industrial world should look for any marked change, from present standards and trends."

Well declared that at no time before had the consuming power of the world been as high as it was in America in the past year.

"We are, in the mass, comparatively well off," he said, "not because we make many things, but because our wage levels enable us to buy so many of the things we make, from clothes to pianos, automobiles and homes."

BRAZILIAN TROOPS ARE FACING DEFEAT

Buenos Aires, January 1.—A force of 200 Brazilian troops in the state of Rio Grande do Sul was confronted with the possibility of severe defeat and perhaps annihilation, according to a dispatch from Montevideo to the newspaper Pressa.

Zeca Netto, Brazilian revolutionist long active in southern Brazil, was reported to have 800 men in camp at Urupema, and in opposition to General Julio Barrios, the federal commander, had only 200 men.

Considerable anxiety was reported from the potential battle area.

Rio de Janeiro, January 1.—Military forces which have been in force in several Brazilian states since 1924 lapsed with the new year except in the state of Mato Grosso. President Luis so far has not issued the necessary proclamations which would renew the state of siege.

It was necessary to impose drastic regulations in several states because of revolutionary disorders.

Willacoochee Hog Sale. Waycross, Ga., January 2.—(Special).—Willacoochee has held its first cooperative hog sale, enough hogs being brought in to make a load. One of the farmers sold four porkers for \$22.25.

It is expected that other sales will be held later.

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Three Escape Prison; One, Harry Gardner, Lost No Time at All

Macon, Ga., January 2.—(AP)—Macon police tonight were asked to be on the lookout for three white convicts who escaped late today from the Twigg county chain gang. They are Clyde Macon, 19, sent up from Fulton county; Grady Winter, 23, from Coweta county, and Harry Carl, 22, from Banks county. Gardner arrived at the camp today.

FLIERS REACH GUATEMALA CITY

Guatemala City, Guatemala, January 2.—Making a perfect landing in a field surrounded by four extinct volcanoes the five planes carrying the United States Pan-American fliers arrived here from Salina Cruz at 12:55 p. m. Sunday.

The New York plane of Major H. A. Rague, commander of the flight, was first to land, at 12:45. The other four followed at short intervals.

Campo Saurana air field was thronged with several thousand spectators. President Chacon was among those to join in the cheers when the American planes were sighted. Major Rague had given instructions for a brief flight over the city before the landing was made and many residents viewed the planes from their house-tops.

When Major Rague stepped out of the New York he was greeted first by the president. Diplomats, government officials and a battalion of infantry were on the field. As the planes landed a native band played "The Star Spangled Banner."

The fliers said that the trip had been accomplished without incident except that they flew in the face of a 30-mile wind.

The seventh hon of the trip will be

TRAIN-CAR CRASH FATAL TO WOMAN

Thomasville, Ga., January 2.—(AP)—Mrs. Maggie P. Biggers, 63, of Columbus, was injured fatally when the automobile in which she was riding and driven by her son, J. J. W. Biggers, of Jacksonville, Fla., was struck by an Atlantic Coast Line freight train at Dixie, near here, late Saturday.

Mrs. J. J. W. Biggers and her daughter, Josephine, were injured slightly, while Biggers and his four-year-old son were not hurt.

Mrs. Maggie Biggers died en route to a hospital here, where all were brought for treatment. The body will be taken to Columbus for interment.

The party was en route from Columbus to Jacksonville when the accident occurred.

1 KILLED, 2 HURT AS AUTOS CRASH

Albany, Ga., January 2.—(AP)—C. D. Geer, of Rutherford, N. C., was killed instantly and Frank E. Raines, of Asheville and W. G. Wilson, also of Rutherford, were injured seriously late today when their automobile, returned in a collision with a machine occupied by negroes seven miles south of here, near Putney.

The negroes, none of whom appeared to have been hurt seriously, fled. The accident was said to have occurred when the negroes' automobile turned from a side road into the Dixie highway without warning directly in the path of the other car. Both machines were demolished. Geer was dashed to the pavement on his head and pinned under the automobile.

Haines, who was driving, and Wilson were thrown clear, the former suffering internal injuries and the latter a broken jawbone and severe bruises.

LODGE NOTICES

The stated convocation of Court of the Red Knights Templar, No. 4, Knights Templar, will be held in its assembly hall (Monday) evening, January 3, 1927, at 7:30 o'clock. The Red Cross will be conferred. Visiting Sir Knights cordially invited to attend by order of I. B. STEPHENS, C. G. JOHN W. MURRELL, Recorder.

A Lodge of Instruction in the Uniform Work—white and blue—will be held in the hall of the lodge, transferring the degrees, will be held each Monday night at 7:30 o'clock. The lodge is open to all who desire to join. By order of J. H. HOPKINS, C. G. A. A. CRAIG, H. P. S. Sec.

The regular meeting of the 20th, Knights of the Red Cross will be held in the hall of the lodge, transferring the degrees, will be held each Monday night at 7:30 o'clock. The lodge is open to all who desire to join. By order of J. H. HOPKINS, C. G. A. A. CRAIG, H. P. S. Sec.

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FLIERS REACH GUATEMALA CITY

Guatemala City, Guatemala, January 2.—Making a perfect landing in a field surrounded by four extinct volcanoes the five planes carrying the United States Pan-American fliers arrived here from Salina Cruz at 12:55 p. m. Sunday.

The New York plane of Major H. A. Rague, commander of the flight, was first to land, at 12:45. The other four followed at short intervals.

Campo Saurana air field was thronged with several thousand spectators. President Chacon was among those to join in the cheers when the American planes were sighted. Major Rague had given instructions for a brief flight over the city before the landing was made and many residents viewed the planes from their house-tops.

When Major Rague stepped out of the New York he was greeted first by the president. Diplomats, government officials and a battalion of infantry were on the field. As the planes landed a native band played "The Star Spangled Banner."

The fliers said that the trip had been accomplished without incident except that they flew in the face of a 30-mile wind.

The seventh hon of the trip will be

500 ARE JAILED AND 493 INJURED IN BERLIN JAN. 1

Berlin, January 2.—Five hundred persons are in jail and 493 were slightly injured as the result of clashes in New Year's night celebrations. One man was killed and six were seriously injured when a crowd of intoxicated revelers fired their revolvers at random.

VICTIM OF ACCIDENT, TERRELL SMITH DIES

Terrell Smith, 63, whose legs were cut off Wednesday in a railroad accident on Foundry street, died Sunday night at a private hospital.

Mr. Smith is survived by six sons, Richard, Floyd, Albert, Dillard, John and Ben Smith, and three daughters, Mrs. T. W. Crane, Mrs. L. W. Warren and Mrs. Kelly Glenn. Funeral arrangements will be announced later by J. Austin Dillon.

Mortuary

JOSEPH E. GABLE, 73, of 335 Atlanta avenue, Sunday morning, died at a private hospital. In addition to his wife, Mrs. Gable is survived by two sons, R. W. and George Gable, one daughter, Mrs. T. W. Crane, of Chicago, and one brother, W. G. Gable.

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